# R-17 Radio Console



#### R-17 Radio Console Technical Manual - 2nd Edition

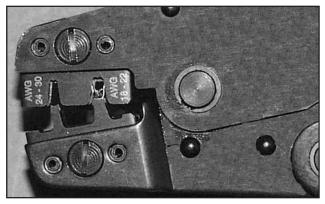
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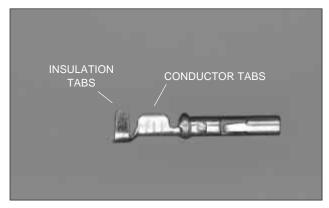
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# HAND CRIMP TOOL WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

The supplied hand crimping tool (PALADIN model PA1645, W/S#850067) is used for all I/O wiring connections to and from the console. It is to be used with the supplied .062" pin diameter silver crimp terminals (figure 1) intended for 22 gauge wire.



(2) The terminal conductor tabs (pointing UP) are placed in anvil 18-22; the terminal's insulation tabs extend in front towards the camera.



(1) .062" pin diameter silver crimp terminal



(3) The stripped 22 gauge wire is placed into the terminal and crimped. Note the wire's insulation must stop just short of the conductor tabs (detail)



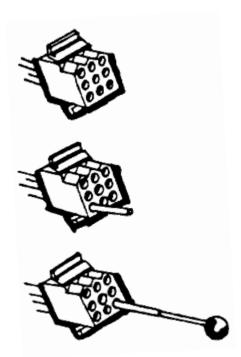
(4) Final step: jaws fully closed; the insulation tabs have been crimped.

- 1) Strip wire approximately 3/16" (insert in proper wire stripper, rotate one half turn, and pull insulation off wire).
- 2) Leaving wire aside for the moment, with Paladin tool fully open (engraved side toward you) bring a terminal into position from the unmarked side of the tool. Place the conductor tabs (inner set as shown in figure 1) on the "18-22" or "24-30" (depending on the wire) anvil (slightly curved surface) so that the circular portion of the tabs rests in the curved surface of the anvil and the two tabs face up into the walls of the female jaw. The insulation tabs will be flush with the top of the tool (figure 2).
- 3) Close tool very slightly, only to the point of holding the terminal in position (figure 2).
- 4) Insert wire into terminal until wire insulation is stopped by conductor tabs (figure 3). CRIMP by squeezing handles until jaws are fully closed.
- 5) If there is an insertion error or if a circuit change is needed, you'll need to use an extractor tool to remove terminals (next section).

March 2000 Read Me!

# **EXTRACTOR PIN INSTRUCTIONS**

If you should accidentally insert a crimp terminal pin into the wrong socket, the supplied pin extractor tool (Waldom P/N W-HT-2023) will let you correct your mistake without having to sacrifice a connector.



#### STEP 1

Push wire attached to pin terminal, to be removed, forward to free pin terminal locking flanges from the Nylon Connector Housing.

#### STEP 2.

Place extractor tip over pin terminal to be removed. Press handle portion of extractor in downward motion until tip rests upon Nylon Housing.

#### STEP 3.

Push ball at top of extractor down toward pin terminal; pin terminal will extract from Nylon Housing.

March 2000 Read Me!

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# **Console Overview**

#### **Chapter Contents:**

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Standard Modules	1-1
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## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

For a better understanding of the console, refer to the R-17 console module faceplate drawing (page 1-3) and system signal flow diagram (page 1-4) in conjunction with the following section. The AUDIOARTS R-17 RADIO CONSOLE is designed for radio on-air applications. The console comes equipped with ten inputs and two stereo outputs (PROGRAM and AUDITION). Input modules may be of two types: mono (mic) and stereo (line); these may be plugged in any combination within the ten input positions of the mainframe. Stereo line inputs have an automatic cue circuit that sends the module's signal to the console's cue bus and headphone outputs whenever activated. The console includes two VU meters (switchable between PGM and AUD) and a built-in CUE speaker and HEADPHONE amplifier. An output module also houses a TALKBACK circuit, and the monitor module contains level controls for the console's CUE, CONTROL ROOM and HEADPHONE outputs, as well as a monitor source selector switchbank (PGM, AUD and EXTERNAL line in). All console I/O connections are via 12-pin connectors.

#### **Standard Modules**

(1) MM-17 MONO MIC INPUT module: accepts a microphone level signal (input is electronically balanced), assigning it to the console's stereo PRO-GRAM and/or AUDITION outputs. A PCB mounted trimpot sets input gain. An insert point is provided for external processing. Channel level is set by a long-throw conductive plastic fader, and lighted channel ON and OFF buttons control the signal. These same buttons can also be programmed (via a PCB mounted dipswitch) to mute the console's CONTROL ROOM output to prevent feedback when a microphone channel is used for the console operator's (announcer) microphone. An additional dipswitch allows the module signal to be sent to the console's TALKBACK bus for control room/studio communication.

(2) SL-17 STEREO LINE INPUT module: accepts an electronically balanced stereo line level input (internal trimpots set right and left input gain trim), assigning it to console's PGM/AUD outputs. A CUE circuit is included. When activated, it sends the module's signal to the console's cue speaker and headphone output, allowing the operator to preview material with the channel off and the fader down, before it goes out over the air. A stereo conductive plastic fader sets channel level, and module START and STOP buttons control the external source device (CD player, CART and TAPE machines, etc.) as well as the channel's audio. External connections are also provided to turn the

channel on and off.

Some special order R-17 consoles may be equipped with internal VU trimpots. If this is the case with your console, it will be necessary to remove the O-17 module from the mainframe in order to access the internal card mounted trimpots.

(3) O-17 MASTER OUTPUT module: one per console; handles the R-17's two electronically balanced stereo outputs (PROGRAM and AUDITION); also houses a VU meter select switch (PGM/AUD) and a TALKBACK circuit and output. Front panel accessed trimpots allow VU meter calibration; an additional front trimpot controls TB level.

(4) CR-17 CONTROL ROOM module: selects control room monitor source (EXT, PGM, AUD), and houses master level controls for CUE, CR and HDPN outputs.

#### **Optional Features**

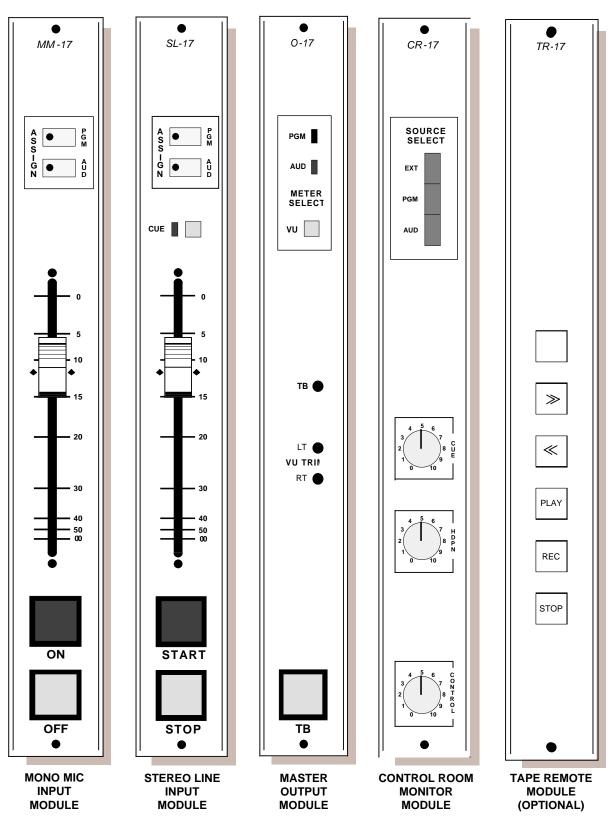
- (1) TR-17 TAPE REMOTE module: available in two versions: FF-1, with full function control for one reel-to-reel machine; or SS-3, with three pairs of START/STOP buttons. All switches have tally back LED illumination.
- (2) LINE PRESELECTOR: this switchbank selects one of six stereo line inputs; its output can feed any input module or the external line input on the control room monitor source selector. The Line Preselector is located on the center of console's meterbridge, next to the VU meters.

# PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

FREQ RESPONS Line, 20Hz Line, 20KHz Mic, 20Hz Mic, 20KHz	SE -0.25dB -0.10dB -0.10dB -0.10dB	HEADROOM ref +4dBu SLEW RATE	24dB 15V/μs
DYNAMIC RANC Line, unity gain Mic, 54dB gain	GE 113dB 99dB	BUS CROSSTAL 1KHz 20KHz	K -100dB -80dB
S/N RATIO (ref +8	93dB	STEREO SEPAR	RATION -85dB
Mic NOISE Mic EIN	-128dBu	OFF ISOLATION 1KHz 20KHz	(MM-10) -100dB -80dB
THD + N (20Hz-20 Line, +24dBu Mic (1KHz) +24dBu	.002%	MAXIMUM GAIN Line Mic	+33dB +74dB
IMD (SMPTE) Line, +4dBu Line. +24dBu	.004%	PHASE RESPON Line, 20Hz–20KHz	ISE ±12°
Mic, +24dBu DIM	.006%	SQ WAVE RESP Ringing Overshoot	ONSE 0 0
Line, +16dBu Line, +24dBu Mic	.002% .003% .005%	CONNECTORS	12 pin multi
MAXIMUM INPU Line Mic, minimum trim	T +28dBu -4dBu	DIMENSIONS Width (left-to-right) Depth (front-to-back) Height (rear) Height (front)	18-1/2" 16-3/4" 6-7/8" 2-3/8"
MAXIMUM OUTI	PUT +28dBu	neight (hoht)	2-3/0

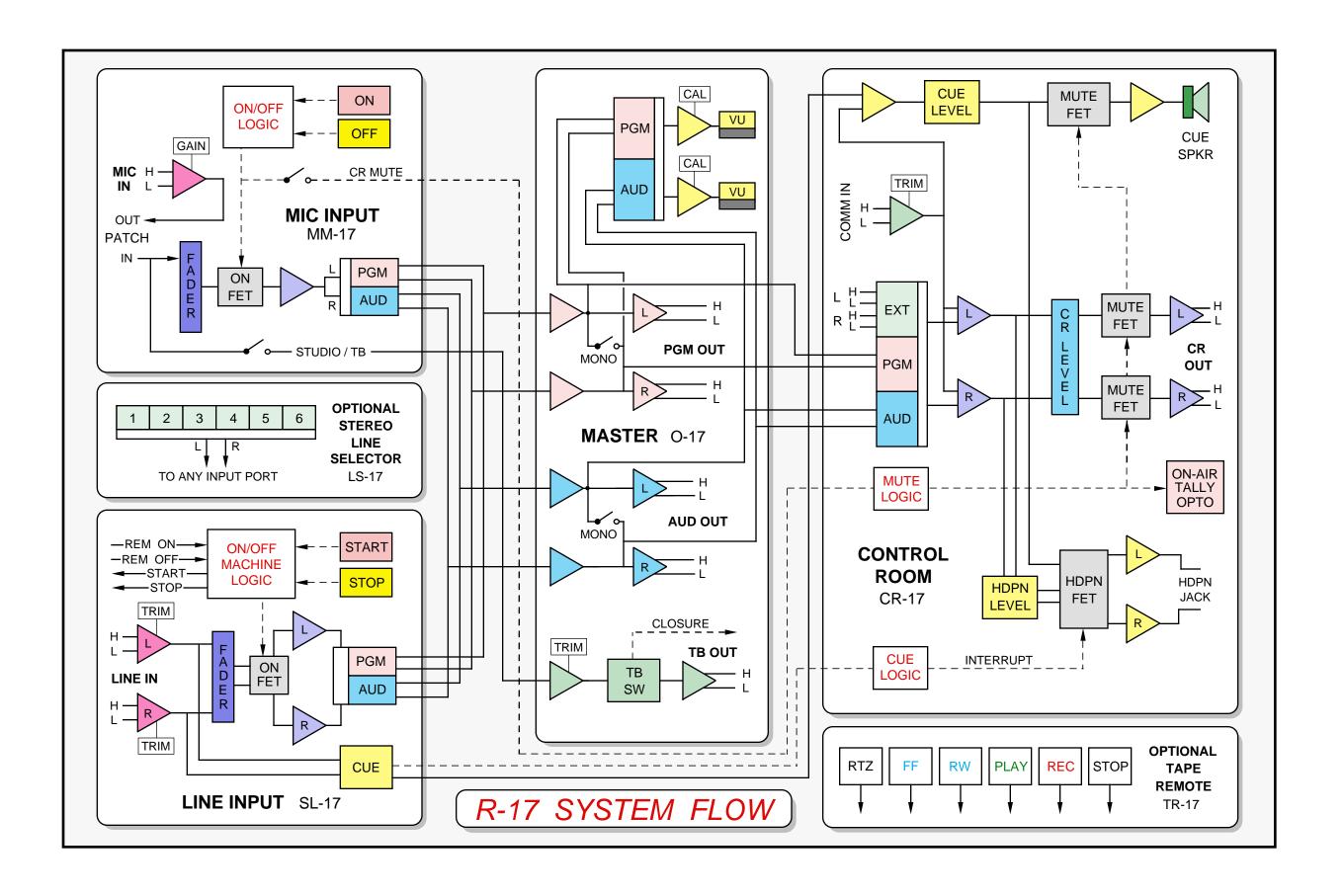
Specifications and features subject to change without notice.

#### CONSOLE OVERVIEW



R-17 Console - Module Faceplates Drawing

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# Installation

#### **Chapter Contents**

Installing the Console	2-1
System Ground	2-1
Typical Grounding Scheme (dwg)	2-2
Further Details	2-3

# INSTALLING THE CONSOLE

Installation is simple; the console comes shipped in a single carton, held in place with foam blocks. Since the R-17 sits above the counter it is not necessary to prepare the countertop by making a cutout. Simply unpack and place in the desired location. Bear in mind that final console placement should take into consideration avoiding proximity to any electromagnetic fields, such as large power transformers, motors, and flourescent lighting fixtures.

The first major installation step is to make sure the console is properly grounded.

#### SYSTEM GROUND

Safety requirements dictate that a positive connection from the console mainframe to electrical ground be made in the completed installation.

The system ground serves two important purposes:

- (1) Provides a zero signal reference point for the entire audio system;
- (2) Assure safety from electrical shock.

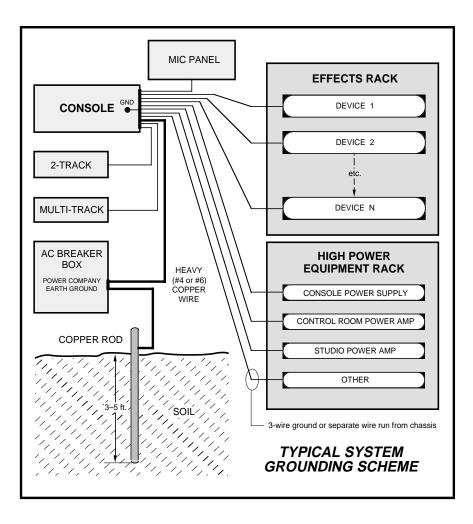
There exist two terms that one encounters in a discussion of ground:

- (A) EARTH GROUND, which is usually a heavy copper rod driven into the soil adjacent to the building (around 6 feet down) or a connection to the copper water pipes leading into the building. Either is acceptable, unless, of course, the water pipe is of the newer plastic variety.
- (B) THE POWER COMPANY EARTH CONDUCTOR that enters the building at the power line breaker box; this conductor should be (and is often by code) tied to the above-mentioned earth ground at one point. This point is the SYSTEM EARTH GROUND.

The grounding point on the R-17 console is a thumb lug located at the lower right corner of the rear panel. This is the central grounding point for the console mainframe. TIE THE CONSOLE MAINFRAME TO THE SYSTEM EARTH GROUND. TIE EVERY PIECE OF EQUIPMENT IN THE ENTIRE AUDIO SYSTEM TO THE CONSOLE MAINFRAME GROUND. If the system earth ground point is inaccessible, tie the console ground mainframe ground to the power company earth conductor at the main breaker box (see drawing "Typical Grounding Scheme" on next page).

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Each piece of equipment should be connected by its own ground wire (usually the round third pin on the AC cord). This means that every AC outlet must have a separate conductor run to the console ground lug terminal; the outlets cannot be daisy-chained as is normally encountered in commercial and residential AC systems. Any equipment not supplied with 3-wire AC cables must have individual ground wires (16 gauge or larger) connected to their chassis grounds and then run to the console mainframe ground.



Tie the console mainframe ground to the system earth ground. Tie every piece of equipment in the entire audio system to the console mainframe ground.

#### **Further Details**

Check all equipment to be absolutely certain that each unit is power transformer isolated from the AC mains to prevent safety hazards.

It is assumed that in each piece of audio equipment the audio ground and the chassis are tied together at some point. Any piece of equipment lacking a grounded chassis is likely to be prone to interference problems.

Locate all unbalanced audio equipment in the same rack if possible, to minimize chassis ground potential differences. It may also be helpful to insulate each piece of unbalanced equipment from its mounting rails in the rack by means of nylon 10-32 screws and insulating washers between rails and faceplates.

Once the system is properly grounded, you may proceed with the audio and control input/output connections (next section).

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#### THE CONSOLE POWER SUPPLY

The R-17 console uses a separate rackmount power supply unit. The power supply should be mounted in an adjacent equipment rack within fifteen feet (but no closer than 3 feet) of the console. It should be mounted in a rack space (it requires two rack spaces or  $3\ 1/2$ ") where proper air circulation is possible. Avoid locating any high gain equipment (such as phono preamps, tape recorders, etc.) too near to the power supply, to avoid magnetic interference into that equipment.

Once the supply is mounted, connect the linking power cable at the console end to the connector CT28, passing underneath the last righthand module. Power supply connector (CT28) is a 6-pin plug that mates with a matching socket ("DC IN") mounted on the motherbord (see page 3-13). Connect the other end of the cable to the rear of the rackmounted power supply.

The power supply is fitted with a 3-wire grounded AC cord that should be plugged into a "clean" AC power source; that is, an AC source that feeds only the control room audio gear. This source should be a separate feed from those feeding powering lighting, air-conditioning, or any other non-audio machinery. The third pin ground wire of the AC source should be tied to the system earth ground point (see "System Ground" section).

Assuming the console mainframe is properly installed and grounded, and its power supply correctly rackmounted and connected to the console, you may now continue with the audio and control connections (next chapter).

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# Console I/O Connections

#### **Chapter Contents** GENERAL ...... 3-1 Audio Connections ...... 3-3 CR-17 CONTROL ROOM MONITOR MODULE ...... 3-7 Audio Connections ......3-11 VU METER ALIGNMENT ......3-12 COMPLETING THE INSTALLATION .......3-13 R-17 CONSOLE Main Printed Circuit Board......3-14

## **GENERAL**

All audio and control I/O connections to the R-17 console are made through 12-pin connectors with locking tabs that connect to mating connectors on the console main printed circuit board. There is one 12-pin connector per module position, located just under the top end of each module, and accessed by removing individual modules. The CR monitor module has one additional I/O connector (CT25) for the on-air tally, talkback and comm in links.

As supplied from the factory, the console requires no logic connections to function. Therefore an orderly installation begins with the audio wiring. Once proper audio operation is verified (i.e., no ground loops), proceed with the control wiring.

The supplied 12 pin connectors use crimp type pins. A crimp tool is supplied with the console. Always be careful to double check pin numbering on the connector block and the wiring diagram before inserting the pin in the block. A pin extractor tool is also included; it is handy to remove pins that have been inserted in the wrong connector block hole, or if rewiring or wiring repair is needed in the future.

Consoles are normally supplied with the first mic channel preprogrammed to mute the control room speakers, so you won't hear anything from the control room speakers or CUE if Channel 1 is turned ON. This mute can be reprogrammed (see dipswitch controlled functions, page 3-3).

#### CONSOLE I/O CONNECTIONS

Key diagram showing back of typical 12-pin I/O connector plug, with pin numbers oriented as they would be seen while wiring. Beveled corners correspond to PCB mounted mating sockets.



See Appendix drawing "Balanced and Unbalanced R-17 Console Connections" on page A-3 for connection details.

The I/O connections can now be made. Note that a gap is provided at the back of the console for cable entry.

Refer to the Module I/O Pinout text to connect the console to your equipment. Recommended setup is to have all microphone inputs connected to the first channels (MM-17 type), with the remaining channels used as line inputs (SL-17). Group input types together. For example, if you have three cart machines, connect them to the inputs of three successive SL-17 modules.

Refer to the Module I/O Connection Section and note that the audio signal connections follow a logical pattern. Pins are grouped in 4 groups (called pairs for this discussion) of 3 pins each (1-3, 4-6, 7-9, and 10-12). The first pin of each group (1, 4, 7, and 10) is audio common, or ground, for connection of shields. The next pin (2, 5, 8, and 11) is the low side for balanced signals, or ground for unbalanced signals. The third pin (3, 6, 9, and 12) is the high side for balanced signals, or the signal connection for unbalanced ones.

In the case of stereo signals, left is always assigned to the first (pins 1-3) or third (pins 7-9) pair of a connector, and right is always assigned to the second (pins 4-6) or fourth (pins 10-12) pair.

The console's microphone inputs are provided with insert points for external processing. If you do not wish to use these patch points, it will be necessary to bridge them at the appropriate connector(s) before signal will pass. See Mic Module Audio Connection text (below) for details.

The console's PROGRAM, AUDITION, TALKBACK and CONTROL ROOM (CR) outputs are electronically balanced, low source impedance; minimum load impedance is 600 ohms.

Once the signal wiring is complete, check that each item is correctly wired before continuing.

# MONO MIC INPUT MODULE (MM-17)

#### Mic Module Audio Connections

Module input/output signal connections are made via dedicated 12-pin connectors mounted on the console's main printed circuit board directly underneath the top of each module. Connectors are accessed by removing individual modules. The key drawing to the left shows a typical connector.

(CT1 thru 10, Main Printed Circuit Board)

Pin 1 - MIC INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - MIC INPUT, LOW

Pin 3 - MIC INPUT, HIGH

Pin 4 - INSERT OUT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - INSERT OUT, LOW

Pin 6 - INSERT OUT, HIGH

Pin 7 - INSERT IN, SHIELD

Pin 8 - INSERT IN, LOW

Pin 9 - INSERT IN, HIGH

If you do not intend to use the insert patch loop, bridge pin 6

to pin 9 to preserve the signal path.

Pin 10 - ON/OFF COMMON

Pin 11 - REMOTE OFF

Pin 12 - REMOTE ON

# Mic Module Control Ports

View of MM-17 PCB mounted The following logic functions, listed by pin number, are available at 12-pin 4-position dipswitch (SW3). I/O connector of each MM-17 mono mic input module:

PIN 12: **REMOTE ON SWITCH** - a contact closure from this pin to ON/OFF common pin (see below) will turn the channel ON.

PIN 11: **REMOTE OFF SWITCH** - a contact closure from this pin to ON/OFF common pin (see below) will turn the channel OFF.

PIN 10: **ON/OFF COMMON** - completes the circuit for the module's remote ON and OFF switch connections.



Key diagram showing back of

typical 12-pin I/O connector plug, with pin numbers oriented as they

would be seen while wiring. Bev-

eled corners correspond to PCB

mounted mating sockets.

# 

Note that a position is ON when the righthand side of the rocker switch is pressed DOWN; a position is OFF when the lefthand side is DOWN.

## **Mic Module Dipswitch Controlled Functions**

There is a four position dipswitch on the printed circuit board of each MM-17 microphone input module. Positions 1 and 3 may be user-programmed as follows:

Position 1: CR MUTE - **This is normally pre-programmed at the factory on the leftmost MM-17 input module.** When activated, it automatically mutes the console's control room and cue speaker output whenever that input module is turned ON. This is to prevent feedback from the announcer's mic. This same control signal activates the opto-isolated onair tally line located on the console's main printed circuit board (see "On-Air Tally Circuit" below).

#### **CONSOLE I/O CONNECTIONS**

Position 3: TALKBACK TO STUDIO - When activated, sends the module's signal to the console's talkback bus. When the talkback button (on the O-17 output module) is pushed, the signal is routed to the console's talkback output. Note the talkback feed is taken pre-fader, pre-ON/OFF, so it is not necessary for the module to be ON in order to talkback to the studio.

DIPSWITCH positions (2) and (4) are not used.

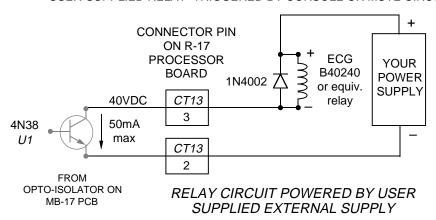
Once the dipswitch settings have been made, check that each MM-17 input module dipswitch is correctly programmed before continuing.

## **On-Air Tally Circuit**

For controlling "on-air" tally functions, an opto isolator is provided. The tally may be activated by any MM-17 input module ON switch programmed

#### TYPICAL CONTROL ROOM ON-AIR TALLY CIRCUIT

USER-SUPPLIED RELAY TRIGGERED BY CONSOLE CR MUTE CIRCUIT



to mute CR. The opto transistor collector and emitter connections are available at a 12 pin connector (CT13) located just below the CR-17 monitor module's regular I/0 connector.

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# STEREO LINE INPUT MODULE (SL-17)

#### **Line Module Audio Connections**

Key diagram showing back of typical 12-pin I/O connector plug, with pin numbers oriented as they would be seen while wiring. Beveled corners correspond to PCB mounted mating sockets.



Module input/output signal connections are made via dedicated 12-pin connectors mounted on the console's main printed circuit board directly underneath the top of each module. Connectors are accessed by removing individual modules.

(CT1 thru 10, Main Printed Circuit Board)

Pin 1 - LINE INPUT LEFT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - LINE INPUT LEFT, LOW

Pin 3 - LINE INPUT LEFT, HIGH

Pin 4 - LINE INPUT RIGHT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - LINE INPUT RIGHT, LOW

Pin 6 - LINE INPUT RIGHT, HIGH

Pin 7 - START SWITCH

Pin 8 - ON/OFF SWITCH COMMON

Pin 9 - STOP SWITCH

Pin 10 - START/STOP SWITCH COMMON

Pin 11 - REMOTE OFF SWITCH

Pin 12 - REMOTE ON SWITCH

#### **Line Module Control Ports**

The following logic functions, listed by pin number, are available at the 12-pin I/O connector of each SL-17 stereo line input module:

PIN 7: **START** - Provides a closure to START/STOP common pin (see below) when the module's START button is pressed. Used to start remote source machines (cart and tape machines, CD players, etc.).

PIN 9: **STOP** - Provides a closure to START/STOP common pin (see below) when the module's STOP button is pressed. Used to stop remote source machines.

PIN 10: START/STOP COMMON

PIN 12: **REMOTE ON SWITCH** - a contact closure from this pin to ON/OFF common pin (see below) will turn the channel ON.

PIN 11: **REMOTE OFF SWITCH** - a contact closure from this pin to ON/OFF common pin (see below) will turn the channel OFF.

PIN 8: **ON/OFF COMMON** - completes the circuit for the module's remote ON and OFF switch connections.

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# MASTER OUTPUT MODULE (O-17)

## **Output Module Audio Connections**

Module input/output signal connections are made via a dedicated 12-pin connector mounted on the console's main printed circuit board, directly underneath the top of the module. The connector is accessed by removing the module. PROGRAM and AUDITION outputs are electronically balanced, low source impedance; minimum load impedance is  $600\Omega$ .

(CT11 "MSTR", Main Printed Circuit Board)

Pin 1 - AUDITION OUTPUT LEFT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - AUDITION OUTPUT LEFT, LOW

Pin 3 - AUDITION OUTPUT LEFT, HIGH

Pin 4 - AUDITION OUTPUT RIGHT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - AUDITION OUTPUT RIGHT, LOW

Pin 6 - AUDITION OUTPUT RIGHT, HIGH

Pin 7 - PROGRAM OUTPUT LEFT, SHIELD

Pin 8 - PROGRAM OUTPUT LEFT, LOW

Pin 9 - PROGRAM OUTPUT LEFT, HIGH

Pin 10 - PROGRAM OUTPUT RIGHT, SHIELD

Pin 11 - PROGRAM OUTPUT RIGHT, LOW

Pin 12 - PROGRAM OUTPUT RIGHT, HIGH



Key diagram showing back of

typical 12-pin I/O connector plug,

with pin numbers oriented as they

would be seen while wiring. Bev-

eled corners correspond to PCB

# **Output Module Dipswitch Controlled Functions**

There is a four position dipswitch on the printed circuit board of the O-17 output module. It allows the user to switch the console's PROGRAM and AUDITION buses to mono mode. Positions 1 and 4 may be user-programmed as follows:

Position 1: AUD MONO - When activated, sums the left and right AUDITION channels and sends L+R to both channels.

Position 4: PGM MONO - When activated, sums the left and right PROGRAM channels and sends L+R to both channels.

DIPSWITCH positions (2) and (3) are not used.

# OFF ON 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 1 1



View of O-17 PCB mounted 4-position dipswitch (SW3). Note that a position is ON when the righthand side of the rocker switch is pressed DOWN; a position is OFF when the lefthand side is DOWN.

## Talkback Control

A control closure (activated by the module's momentary action TB switch) is provided at CT13 (CR-17 module Auxiliary Ports Connector) on the console's main processing board:

(CT13, Main Printed Circuit Board)

Pin 8 - TB SW N.O.

Pin 9 - TB SW COM

# **CONTROL ROOM MONITOR MODULE (CR-17)**

#### **Monitor Module Audio Connections**

Connections are made via a dedicated 12-pin connector mounted on the console's main printed circuit board directly underneath the top of the module. The connector is accessed by removing the module.

(CT12 "CR", Main Printed Circuit Board)

Pin 1 - CR OUTPUT LEFT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - CR OUTPUT LEFT, LOW

Pin 3 - CR OUTPUT LEFT, HIGH

Pin 4 - CR OUTPUT RIGHT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - CR OUTPUT RIGHT, LOW

Pin 6 - CR OUTPUT RIGHT, HIGH

Control Room Output is electronically balanced, low source impedance; minimum load impedance is  $600\Omega$ .

Pin 7 - EXTERNAL LINE IN LEFT, SHIELD

Pin 8 - EXTERNAL LINE IN LEFT, LOW

Pin 9 - EXTERNAL LINE IN LEFT. HIGH

Pin 10 - EXTERNAL LINE IN RIGHT. SHIELD

Pin 11 - EXTERNAL LINE IN RIGHT, LOW

Pin 12 - EXTERNAL LINE IN RIGHT, HIGH

Key diagram showing back of typical 12-pin I/O connector plug, with pin numbers oriented as they would be seen while wiring. Beveled corners correspond to PCB mounted mating sockets.



See drawing on page 3-4, "Typical Control Room On-Air Tally Circuits" for on-air tally relay wiring details.

# **Monitor Module Auxiliary Ports**

The following additional functions, listed by pin number, are available at a second 12-pin connector (CT13) located just beneath the module's primary (CT12) connector.

(CT13, Main Printed Circuit Board)

Pin 1 - SHIELD

Pin 2 - ON-AIR TALLY: emitter

Pin 3 - ON-AIR TALLY; collector

On-Air Tally is an opto-isolated connection activated by mic input module ON switches that have been programmed to Mute

CR. See page 3-3.

Pin 4 - COMM IN. SHIELD

Pin 5 - COMM IN, LOW

Pin 6 - COMM IN, HIGH

The COMM port is used to feed an incoming communication link to the console. Its signal goes to CUE, CR and HDPN. It is used in conjunction with the console's Talkback output (below), and allows two-way intercom links between the control room and remote locations. Often this means connecting the station telco hybrid to the console's TB and COMM ports.

#### CONSOLE I/O CONNECTIONS

Pin 7 - TALKBACK SW SHIELD

Pin 8 - TALKBACK SW N.O.

Pin 9 - TALKBACK SW COM

This is a control closure activated by the O-17 output module's TB switch.

Pin 10 - TALKBACK OUTPUT, SHIELD

Pin 11 - TALKBACK OUTPUT, LOW

Pin 12 - TALKBACK OUTPUT, HIGH

When the TB switch is pressed, MM-17 input module signals that have been dipswitch-programmed for TB are sent to this electronically balanced output (low source impedance; minimum load impedance is  $600\Omega$ ). See page 3-3.

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# TAPE REMOTE MODULE (optional)

R-17 tape remote switches are simple closures brought out to I/O pins on the two connectors dedicated to this accessory section. The switches are illuminated, with the user providing external power as indicated.

#### **Tape Remote Switches 1-3**

#### (CT2, T-50 Transition PCB)

Pin 1 - SWITCH 1, LED ANODE

Pin 2 - SWITCH 2, LED ANODE

Pin 3 - SWITCH 3, LED ANODE

Pin 4 - SWITCH 1, LED CATHODE

Pin 5 - SWITCH 2, LED CATHODE

Pin 6 - SWITCH 3, LED CATHODE

Pin 7 - SWITCH 1, COMMON

Pin 8 - SWITCH 2, COMMON

Pin 9 - SWITCH 3, COMMON

Pin 10 - SWITCH 1, NORMALLY OPEN

Pin 11 - SWITCH 2, NORMALLY OPEN

Pin 12 - SWITCH 3, NORMALLY OPEN

#### **Tape Remote Switches 4-6**

#### (CT3, T-50 Transition PCB)

Pin 1 - SWITCH 4, LED ANODE

Pin 2 - SWITCH 5, LED ANODE

Pin 3 - SWITCH 6, LED ANODE

Pin 4 - SWITCH 4, LED CATHODE

Pin 5 - SWITCH 5, LED CATHODE

Pin 6 - SWITCH 6, LED CATHODE

Pin 7 - SWITCH 4. COMMON

Pin 8 - SWITCH 5. COMMON

Pin 9 - SWITCH 6, COMMON

Pin 10 - SWITCH 4, NORMALLY OPEN

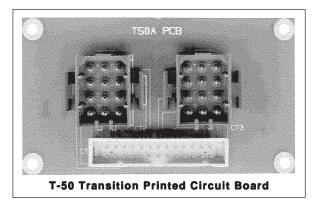
Pin 11 - SWITCH 5, NORMALLY OPEN

Pin 12 - SWITCH 6, NORMALLY OPEN

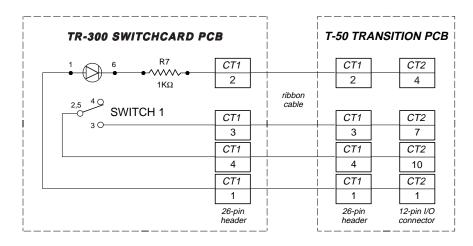
Key diagram showing back of typical 12-pin I/O connector plugs, with pin numbers oriented as they would be seen while wiring. Beveled corners correspond



CT 3



26-pin header ("CT1") on T-50A PCB (mounted on bottom of mainframe at righthand end) accepts ribbon cable connector



TYPICAL CIRCUIT - #1 of 6 shown

R-17 / Nov 1998 Page 3 - 9

#### CONSOLE I/O C ONNECTIONS

CT1	cable				
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5	į į	5	2	🗐	
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8		8	4	2	
CT1		CT1	CT2		
7		7	8		
CT1		CT1	CT2	ı ¬	
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				ᅵᇻᆝ	I
				"	
			_		SW
CT1		CT1	CT3		
	į į		4		sw
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		16	10	4	SW
		CT1	СТЗ		
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18		18	5		SW
CT1		CT1	СТЗ	S	
17		17	2	W	
CT1		CT1	СТЗ	취	sw
20		20	11	2	
CT1		CT1	СТЗ	i	
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26-pin header		26-pin header			REM
	1   CT1   4   CT1   3   CT1   5   CT1   10   CT1   11   CT1   14   CT1   13   CT1   16   CT1   15   CT1   18   CT1   17   CT1   18   CT1   17   CT1   18   CT1   T7   CT1   T7   CT1   T8   CT1   T9   CT1   T9	1   CT1   4   CT1   5   CT1   T   T   T   T   T   T   T   T   T	1         1           CT1         4           4         4           CT1         3           3         3           CT1         6           CT1         CT1           5         5           CT1         CT1           7         7           CT1         CT1           7         CT1           10         10           CT1         CT1           9         9           CT1         CT1           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           11         11           12         12           12         12           12         12           12         12           12         12           12         12           12         12           13         13           13         13           13         13           14         14           14         14           14         14           14 <td< td=""><td>1         1         1         1           CT1         CT1         CT2         4         10           CT1         CT1         CT2         3         7           CT1         CT1         CT2         6         6         5           CT1         CT1         CT2         5         2           CT1         CT1         CT2         8         4           CT1         CT1         CT2         7         8           CT1         CT1         CT2         7         7         8           CT1         CT1         CT2         7         7         8         4         4         4         4         10         6         6         6         7         7         7         7         8         3         3         3         3         3</td></td<> <td>  1</td>	1         1         1         1           CT1         CT1         CT2         4         10           CT1         CT1         CT2         3         7           CT1         CT1         CT2         6         6         5           CT1         CT1         CT2         5         2           CT1         CT1         CT2         8         4           CT1         CT1         CT2         7         8           CT1         CT1         CT2         7         7         8           CT1         CT1         CT2         7         7         8         4         4         4         4         10         6         6         6         7         7         7         7         8         3         3         3         3         3	1

# LINE PRESELECTOR (optional)

R-17 line preselector picks one of six external stereo line inputs coming into the console (via three dedicated 12-pin connectors) to appear at its output connector, where it may be picked up and wired to another console input to expand its source capability (a stereo line input channel or the external line input port on the console's monitor SOURCE select switchbank are typical destinations).

Input and output connectors are located under the console's hinged meterbridge.

#### Line Preselector Inputs 1 & 2

(CT3, LS-50 load sheet dwg)

Pin 1 - LINE 2 LEFT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - LINE 2 LEFT INPUT, LOW

Pin 3 - LINE 2 LEFT INPUT. HIGH

Pin 4 - LINE 2 RIGHT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - LINE 2 RIGHT INPUT, LOW

Pin 6 - LINE 2 RIGHT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 7 - LINE 1 LEFT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 8 - LINE 1 LEFT INPUT, LOW

Pin 9 - LINE 1 LEFT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 10 - LINE 1 RIGHT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 11 - LINE 1 RIGHT INPUT, LOW

Pin 12 - LINE 1 RIGHT INPUT, HIGH

# Line Preselector Inputs 3 & 4

(CT2, LS-50 load sheet dwg)

Pin 1 - LINE 4 LEFT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - LINE 4 LEFT INPUT, LOW

Pin 3 - LINE 4 LEFT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 4 - LINE 4 RIGHT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - LINE 4 RIGHT INPUT, LOW

Pin 6 - LINE 4 RIGHT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 7 - LINE 3 LEFT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 8 - LINE 3 LEFT INPUT, LOW

Pin 9 - LINE 3 LEFT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 10 - LINE 3 RIGHT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 11 - LINE 3 RIGHT INPUT, LOW

Pin 12 - LINE 3 RIGHT INPUT, HIGH

Key diagram showing back of typical 12-pin I/O connector plug, with pin numbers oriented as they would be seen while wiring. Beveled corners correspond to PCB mounted mating sockets.



#### Line Preselector Inputs 5 & 6

(CT1, LS-50 load sheet dwg)

Pin 1 - LINE 6 LEFT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - LINE 6 LEFT INPUT, LOW

Pin 3 - LINE 6 LEFT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 4 - LINE 6 RIGHT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - LINE 6 RIGHT INPUT, LOW

Pin 6 - LINE 6 RIGHT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 7 - LINE 5 LEFT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 8 - LINE 5 LEFT INPUT, LOW

Pin 9 - LINE 5 LEFT INPUT, HIGH

Pin 10 - LINE 5 RIGHT INPUT, SHIELD

Pin 11 - LINE 5 RIGHT INPUT, LOW

Pin 12 - LINE 5 RIGHT INPUT, HIGH

#### **Line Preselector Output**

(CT4, LS-50 load sheet dwg)

Pin 1 - LEFT OUTPUT, SHIELD

Pin 2 - LEFT OUTPUT, LOW

Pin 3 - LEFT OUTPUT, HIGH

Pin 4 - RIGHT OUTPUT, SHIELD

Pin 5 - RIGHT OUTPUT, LOW

Pin 6 - RIGHT OUTPUT, HIGH

Pin 7 - AUDIO COMMON

Pin 8 - NO CONNECTION

Pin 9 - NO CONNECTION

Pin 10 - AUDIO COMMON

Pin 11 - NO CONNECTION

Pin 12 - NO CONNECTION

## **VU METER ALIGNMENT**

With the console in place on the counter top, check the VU meters for static, power-off alignment. If any adjustment is needed, raise the hinged meter bridge (by removing two phillips head screws on the lower flange of the meterbridge, just above the tops of the console modules) and note the meter adjusters located in the rear center of the meters. Alignment is accomplished by using a small flat blade screw driver to turn the adjusting screws until the meter reading is correct. Note that the screw should always be turned clockwise, and that correct adjustment is made when the meter is brought UP to the correct mark from downscale. Also notice that the static zero position changes as the meter bridge is brought down to its normal position. Make small incremental adjustments and return the meterbridge to operating position between adjustments; continue this procedure until the meter static zeroes are correct with the meterbridge in position.

Note that the VU meter lamps are replaceable from the back of the meter.

Unless VU meters are noticeably mis-aligned, this procedure (which can be a lengthy process) is normally NOT required.

#### Console I/O Connections

If you have trouble at this or any other point in the installation test, turn to the section on troubleshooting, at the end of the technical section of the manual.

BE CAREFUL: LOUD SOUNDS IN THE HEAD-PHONES CAN DAMAGE YOUR HEARING!

## COMPLETING THE INSTALLATION

Before connecting the console's AC power, turn all faders and level controls on the console and any monitor equipment connected to it down to minimum. In preparation for testing your installation, assign one stereo input channel to PGM and select PGM on the CR module.

The AC connector may now be connected; this will turn on the console. At this point the VU meters should be lit, and the LEDs of any assign switches that are down should be lit. Each input channel will have either its ON or OFF lamp lit. Stereo input module CUE LEDs may be lit. Turn all channels off (OFF and STOP buttons) and de-activate all CUE switches that are lit.

Turn the module you will begin testing with On by pressing the START button; the START switch indicator lamp should light. Make sure the channel is assigned to PGM and slowly move the fader up. You should see movement on the PGM meters.

Press the CUE button for that channel and slowly turn up the CUE level control on the CR-17 module; you should hear the source material in the console's CUE speaker. Note that the channel fader and ON/OFF status have no effect on the volume of the CUE signal. When finished, turn down the CUE speaker level control.

Turn the console's CR level control to the 2 o'clock position, and slowly turn up the control room monitor amplifier; your source material should become audible. (If your power amplifier does not have input level controls, use external pads to allow a comfortable listening level with the console monitor pots set at 2 o'clock; this will assure optimal L—R tracking).

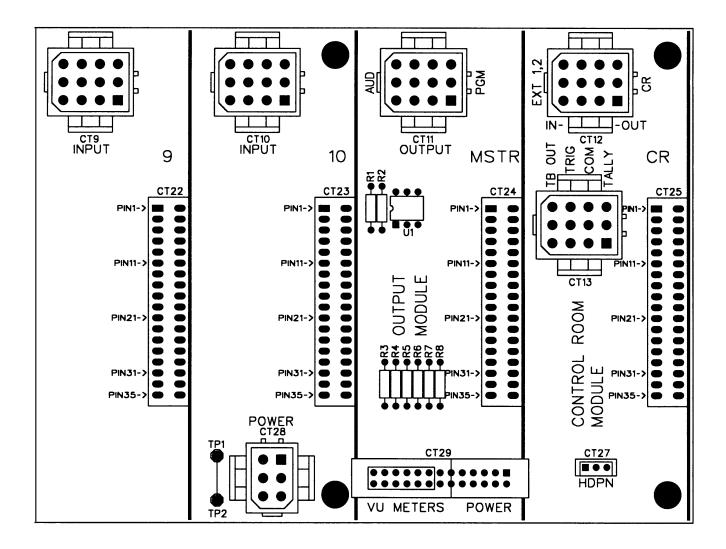
**Monitor amplifier input gain settings are important**; they should be adjusted to allow a comfortable listening level when the monitor module's CR level pot is set around 2 o'clock. If monitor amp input gains are set too high, you may find yourself continually running the CR level pot between 8 and 10 o'clock; this is the worst part of any potentiometer's attenuation range, and should be avoided.

When finished, de-activate the PGM assign on the input module.

Assign the input channel, the CR module, and the VU meter select switch on the master output module to AUD; the source material should appear.

Test the other channels, the headphone jack (if there is no audible source material at the headphone output, check to make sure input module CUE switches aren't activated; they will automatically interrupt headphone source monitoring), the TB output, and the COMM input, if one is used in your installation. Check any external logic and machine control functions.

This completes the R-17 console installation.



# R-17 CONSOLE MAIN PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

RH end showing typical 12-pin connectors

Connectors 9 and 10 are for the last 2 input modules of the console. Connector 11 ("MSTR") is for the O-17 Master Output Module, and Connectors 12 and 13 are for the CR-17 Control Room Monitor Module. "U1" is the console's on-air tally opto-isolator circuit. Note connectors 1 thru 8 (not shown) are identical to CT-9 and CT-10.

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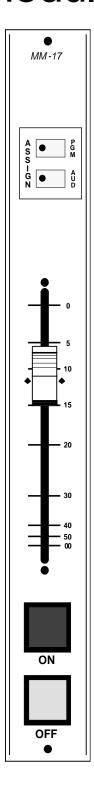
#### CONSOLE I/O CONNECTIONS

		B. F. A			
	MODULE				
I/O	MM-17	SL-17	O-17	c	R-17
CONNECTOR PIN NUMBER	CT1 TH	IRU 10	CT11	CT12	CT13
1	MIC IN SH	LT IN SH	AUD OUT LT SH	CR OUT LT SH	SHIELD
2	MIC IN LO	LT IN LO	AUD OUT LT LO	CR OUT LT LO	ON-AIR TALLY EMITTER
3	MIC IN HI	LT IN HI	AUD OUT LT HI	CR OUT LT HI	ON-AIR TALLY COLLECTOR
4	INS OUT SH	RT IN SH	AUD OUT RT SH	CR OUT RT SH	COMM IN SH
5	INS OUT LO	RT IN LO	AUD OUT RT LO	CR OUT RT LO	COMM IN LO
6	INS OUT HI	RT IN HI	AUD OUT RT HI	CR OUT RT HI	COMM IN HI
7	INS IN SH	START SW	PGM OUT LT SH	EXT IN LT SH	TB SW SHIELD
8	INS IN LO	ON/OFF SWITCH COMMON	PGM OUT LT LO	EXT IN LT LO	TB SW N.O.
9	INS IN HI	STOP SW	PGM OUT LT HI	EXT IN LT HI	TB SW COM
10	ON/OFF COMMON	START/STOP COMMON	PGM OUT RT SH	EXT IN RT SH	TB OUT SH
11	REMOTE OFF SW	REMOTE OFF SW	PGM OUT RT LO	EXT IN RT LO	TB OUT LO
12	REMOTE ON SW	REMOTE ON SW	PGM OUT RT HI	EXT IN RT HI	TB OUT HI

# R-17 CONSOLE I/O PINOUT SUMMARY TABLE

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# Module Controls



		_	
Ch:	antei	r Cor	ntents

Mono Mic Input Module (MM-17)	4-1
Stereo Line Input Module (SL-17)	4-2
Master Output Module (O-17)	
Control Room Monitor Module (CR-17)	4-4
Tape Remote Module (TR-17) - optional	4-5

# MONO MIC INPUT MODULE (MM-17)

ASSIGN - These switches (w/LED indicators) route the channel signal to the console's stereo Program and/or Audition output busses.

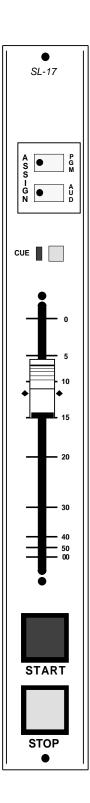
FADER - A long-throw 104mm precision conductive plastic fader.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ON/OFF}}$  SWITCHES - These lighted switches turn the channel signal ON and OFF.

PROGRAMMABLE FUNCTIONS - These are activated by the module's channel ON button and may be preset (via a PCB-mounted dipswitch; see page 3-3) to mute the control room (and activate an on-air tally circuit), and assign the module's signal (pre-fader, pre-channel on/off) to the console's talkback bus.

GAIN TRIM - An internal gain trim potentiometer provides 34dB of control range, allowing source signals to be matched to the module's input circuitry. INSERT (PATCH) POINT - Allows external processing of the channel signal.

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# STEREO LINE INPUT MODULE (SL-17)

ASSIGN - These switches (w/LED indicators) route channel signal to console's stereo Program and/or Audition output busses.

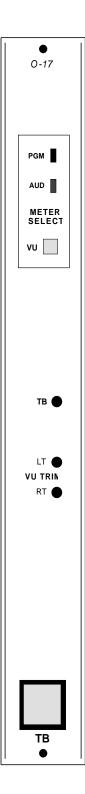
CUE SWITCH - (w/LED indicator) sends the module's pre-fader signal to the CR module, where it appears on the CUE speaker level control and the HEADPHONES. Depressing the cue switch activates this function. Cue mode is de-activated when the cue button is pressed again.

FADER - A long-throw 104mm stereo precision conductive plastic fader.

START/STOP SWITCHES - The START switch, when depressed, turns the channel signal ON, and may be made to start a source machine (cart, tape or CD player) by using the appropriate connections on the module's 12-pin connector. The STOP switch turns the channel signal OFF and may be made to stop the external machine.

GAIN TRIM - An internal gain trim potentiometer provides a 27dB control range (-6 to +21dB), assuring compatibility with professional (+4dBu) machines such as carts, or consumer (-10dBu) machines such as cassette players.

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# MASTER OUTPUT MODULE (O-17)

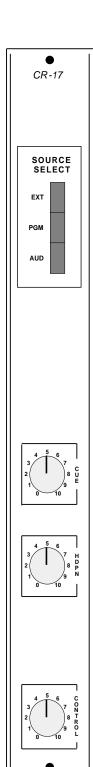
PROGRAM, AUDITION, and TALKBACK outputs are electronically balanced.

METER SELECT - Assigns PGM or AUD to the console's two VU meters. LED status indicators clearly show selected bus.

TALKBACK - This front panel recessed trimpot sets the level of the console's talkback output.

VU TRIM - Front panel recessed trimpots permit easy VU calibration.

TB - Momentary action pushbutton activates the console's talkback output. The talkback signal picks up all MM-17 input modules that have been dipswitch-assigned to the talkback bus. A dry contact closure is also provided for interfacing external equipment.



# **CONTROL ROOM MONITOR MODULE (CR-17)**

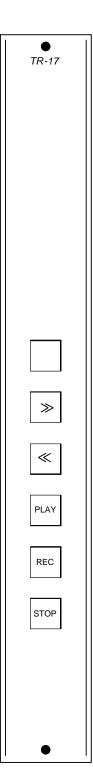
SOURCE SELECT - Determines what signal (PGM, AUD or EXT line in) will be fed to the CR and HEADPHONE outputs.

CUE - Sets the cue speaker level.

HDPN - Sets the level of the built-in headphone amplifier. Headphone normally listens to Source Select, but automatically switches to CUE when any input module cue switch is engaged. The headphone level control is conductive plastic for long life, and connectorized for easy servicing.

CONTROL - Determines control room monitor level. Follows Source Select (above). The control is conductive plastic for long life, and connectorized for easy servicing. The console CR output is electronically balanced to allow interference-free feed to the control room power amp.

CONTROL ROOM MUTE - The operator's mic module can be dipswitch selected to mute control room when activated. This mute function prevents control room feedback.



# TAPE REMOTE MODULE (TR-17) - optional

TAPE REMOTE - A full function switchbank (return-to-zero, fast forward, rewind, play, record, stop) for controlling one external recording machine. Switches have built-in LED indicator that can be powered by the external machine.

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# **Console Operation**

#### **ChapterContents**

Fader and Level Controls	5-1
Input Assign and Monitor Select Switches	5-1
Cueing	5-2
Talkback	5-2
Comm In	5-2

The following notes are provided as an aid to understanding the console's operation. It is impossible, without writing a fair-sized text book, to cover all possible aspects of console use. The basics are as follows:

## FADER AND LEVEL CONTROLS

Normally, the faders will be run at the "in-hand" setting indicated by the darts on the fader scale, corresponding to about 12 dB below maximum fader setting. If you find yourself continually running a channel with the fader all the way to the top, the signal source is probably at too low a level. If the source has its own level control, that control may need to be turned up. Check with someone in charge if you're not sure about changing levels on other equipment.

Except for the headphone level, the console's output level controls will generally be run at a 2 o'clock setting. If this results in the control room speaker amplifier having to be run close to minimum, then turn the console's CR level control down some, or use external pads to attenuate the input signal to the power amplifier.

Run the headphone level at a setting that is comfortable for you, but remember, LOUD SOUNDS CAN DAMAGE YOUR HEARING. Remember that a signal source may be at a higher level than you think it is. Be careful when switching channels ON or into CUE, if they will be heard in the headphones. The CUE level control also affects headphone volume for channels that are in CUE.

If there is no headphone output, check to make sure no input module CUE switches are activated, as they will automatically interrupt the regular headphone program.

# INPUT ASSIGN & MONITOR SELECT SWITCHES

The console is provided with two stereo output busses. The busses are utilized by assigning input channels to them. For example: An input module is assigned to AUD if the AUD button for that channel is down, and the associated AUD LED is on. Further, the AUD bus is selected by the control room monitor speakers when the AUD button on the CR-17 module is down,

and the associated LED is on. Because of these two actions, the input channel signal is heard in the control room speakers.

The PGM, (or Program) bus is generally used for the on-air signal. For example, if the commercial spot recorded on the cart machine connected to channel 7 is supposed to be heard on the air, then channel 7 should be assigned to PGM. On the other hand, if you have two studio mics that should both be on-air, those two channels should be assigned to PGM.

Even though, at a particular time, only one or two inputs may be assigned to the PGM bus, the other inputs may still be used. For example, while a channel 2 studio mic is on-air, with a CD being played on channel 6 as background to the studio mic, the operator can assign the tape recorder on channel 9 to the AUD (or Audition) bus, with AUD then being selected at the CR (Control Room), so the operator can locate a certain song on the tape without interfering with the on-air signal.

The on-air signal from a modulation monitor or a high-quality tuner can be connected to the EXT (External) input of the CR module, to allow the operator to monitor off-air by using the EXT selector for that module.

#### **CUEING**

In addition to the assignment features described above, the console has an additional mono CUE bus that can be used by the operator when he or she needs to be sure that, for example, the cart machine on channel 7 is set to play the right jingle. Channel 7 CUE button is pushed, and the associated LED lights. The material on that channel appears at the console CUE speaker, and also on the headphones. Meanwhile, the on-air signal is uninterrupted. Once the cart selection is verified, the CUE button is pressed again to take the channel out of CUE. At the proper time, the channel START button is pushed. If the external logic to the cart is connected to the module logic port, pushing the START button will also activate the cart machine.

## **TALKBACK**

The console's Talkback bus allows the operator's microphone to act as an intercom signal to a remote location. By programming the input module controlling this microphone to feed the TB bus (see page 3-3), whenever the console TB button is pressed that microphone's signal will be sent to the console's Talkback output. This output can then be used to feed a remote amp/speaker (or headphone, telephone hybrid, or order wire).

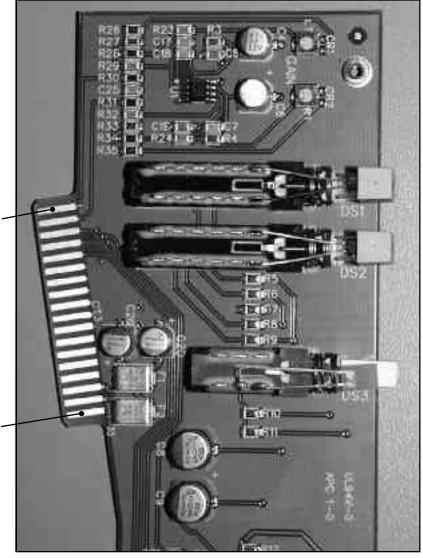
## **COMM IN**

The COMM IN port allows a return intercom signal from the remote location to be fed to the console's cue speaker and headphones. Used in conjunction with TB, it allows two-way communication between the operator and a remote location.

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# Schematic Drawings

hapter Contents	
Typical PCB edgecard connector fingers	6-2
Mono Mic Input Module (MM-17)	
schematic	6-3
load sheet	6-4
Stereo Line Input Module (SL-17)	
schematic	6-5
load sheet	6-6
Master Output Module (O-17)	
schematic	6-7
load sheet	6-8
Control Room Monitor Module (CR-17)	
schematic	6-9
load sheet	6-10
Mother Board Schematic (MB-17)	6-11
Power supply (PS-17)	
Console Bus Chart	



Component Side Pin 1 (Solder Side Pin 2)

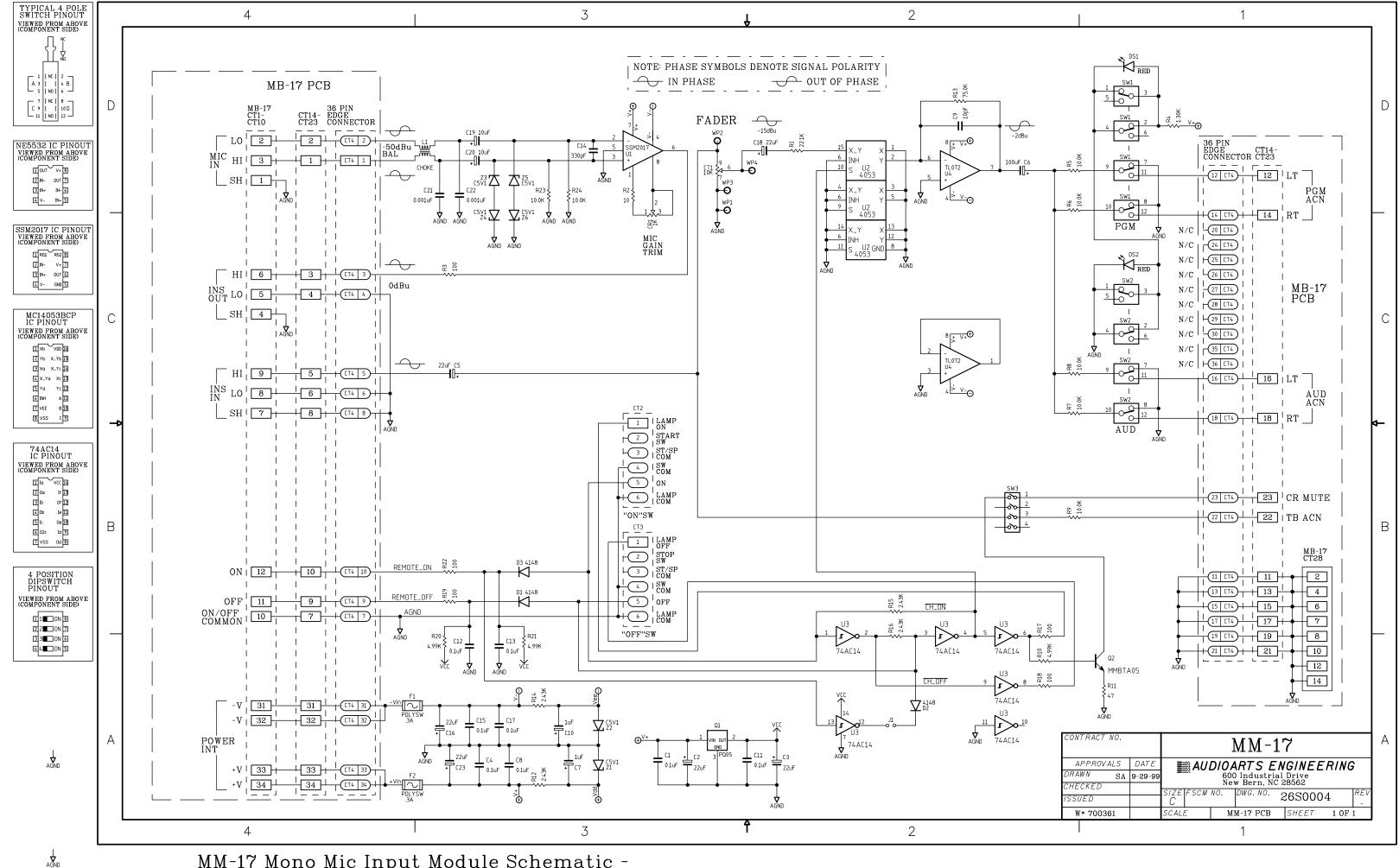
#### **PCBEDGECARDFINGERNUMBERS**

Component Side: Pins 1–35 (Odd) Solder Side: Pins 2–36 (Even)

> Component Side Pin 35 (Solder Side Pin 36)

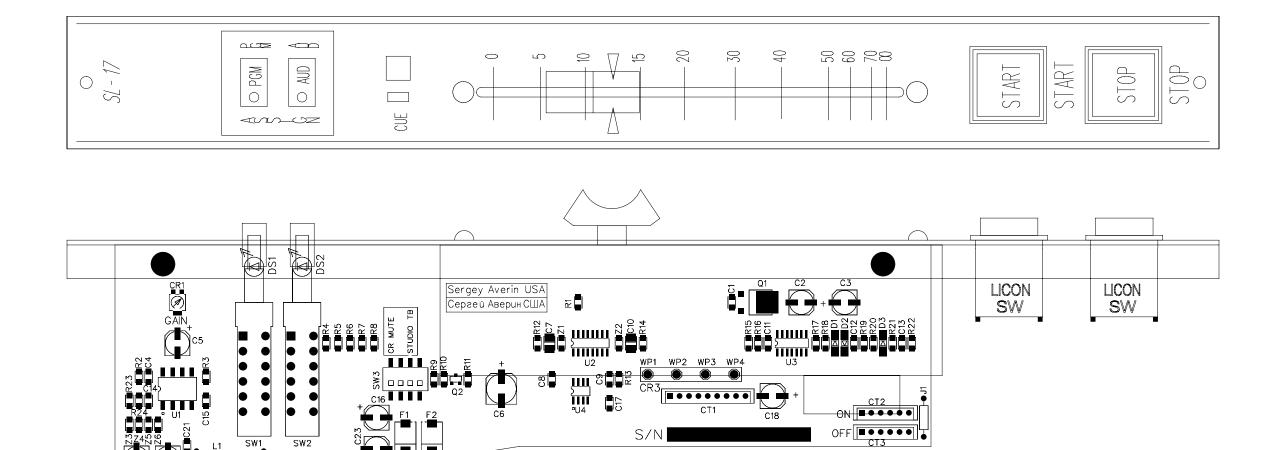
> > Detail view of typical printed circuit board (top half of component side; in this case an SL-17 stereo line input module PCB) showing edgecard bus connector fingers. For a complete listing of R-17 bus assignments, see chart on page 6-7.

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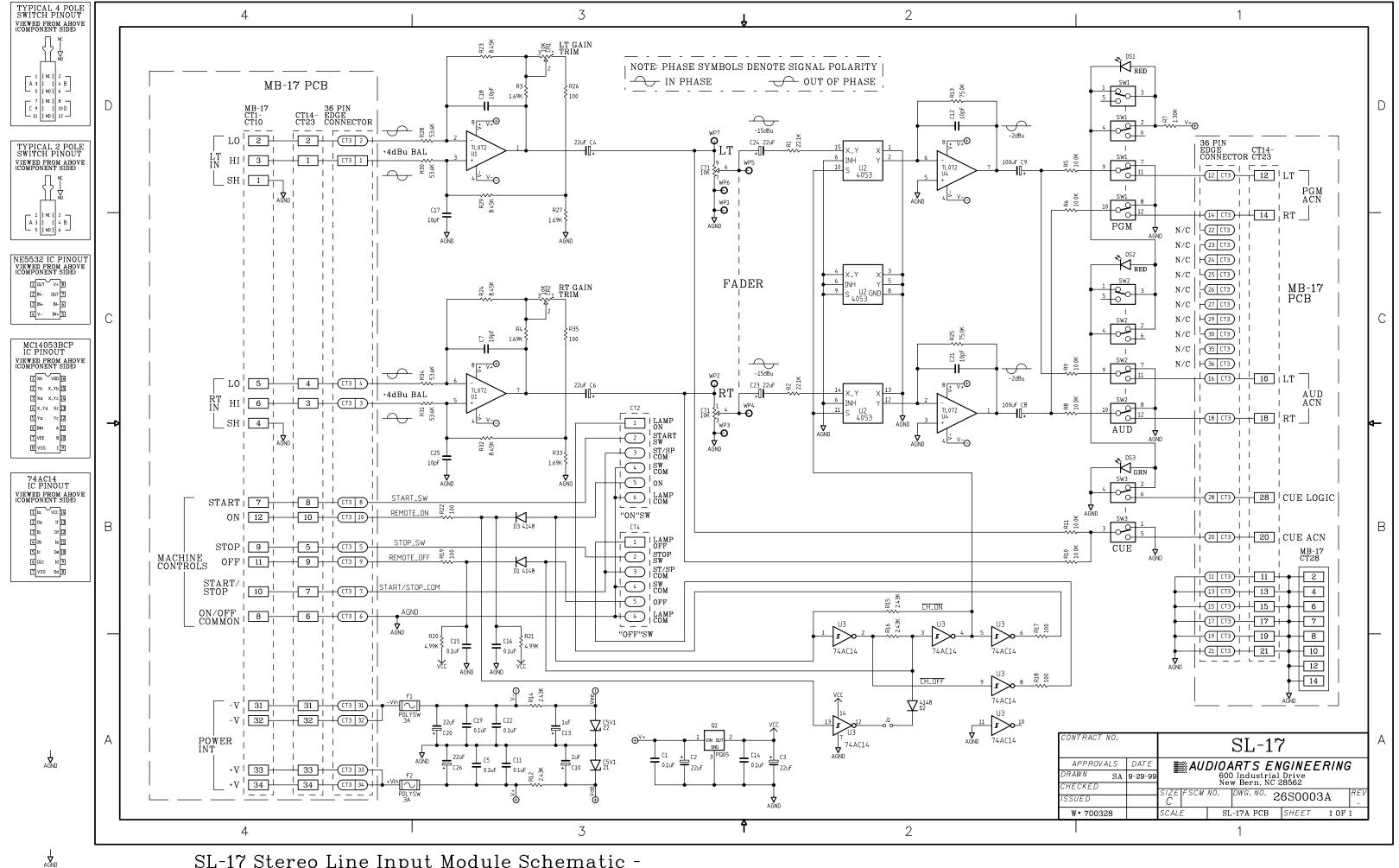
Page 6-2b

MM-17 Mono Mic Input Module Schematic -Sheet 1 of 1

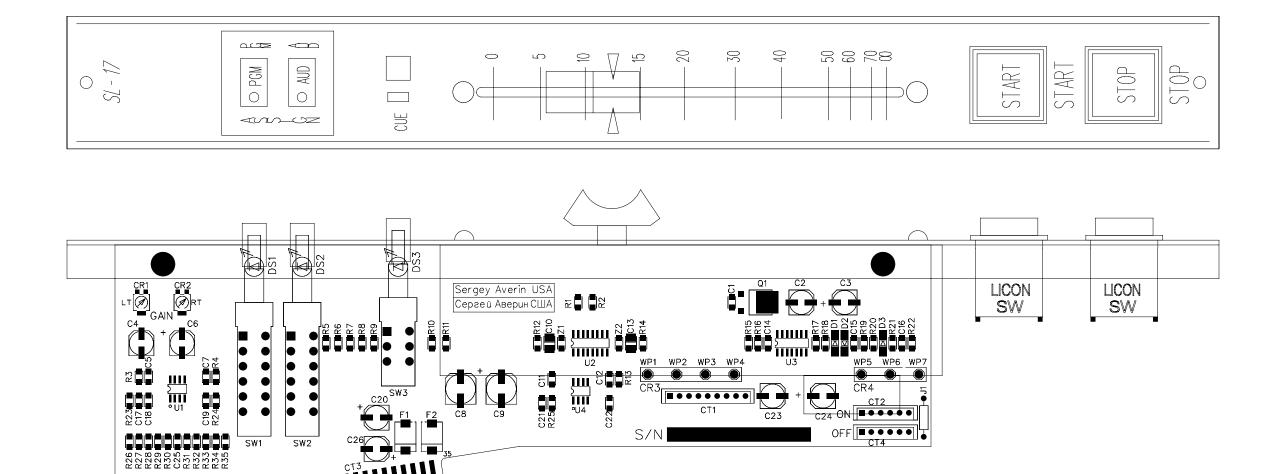


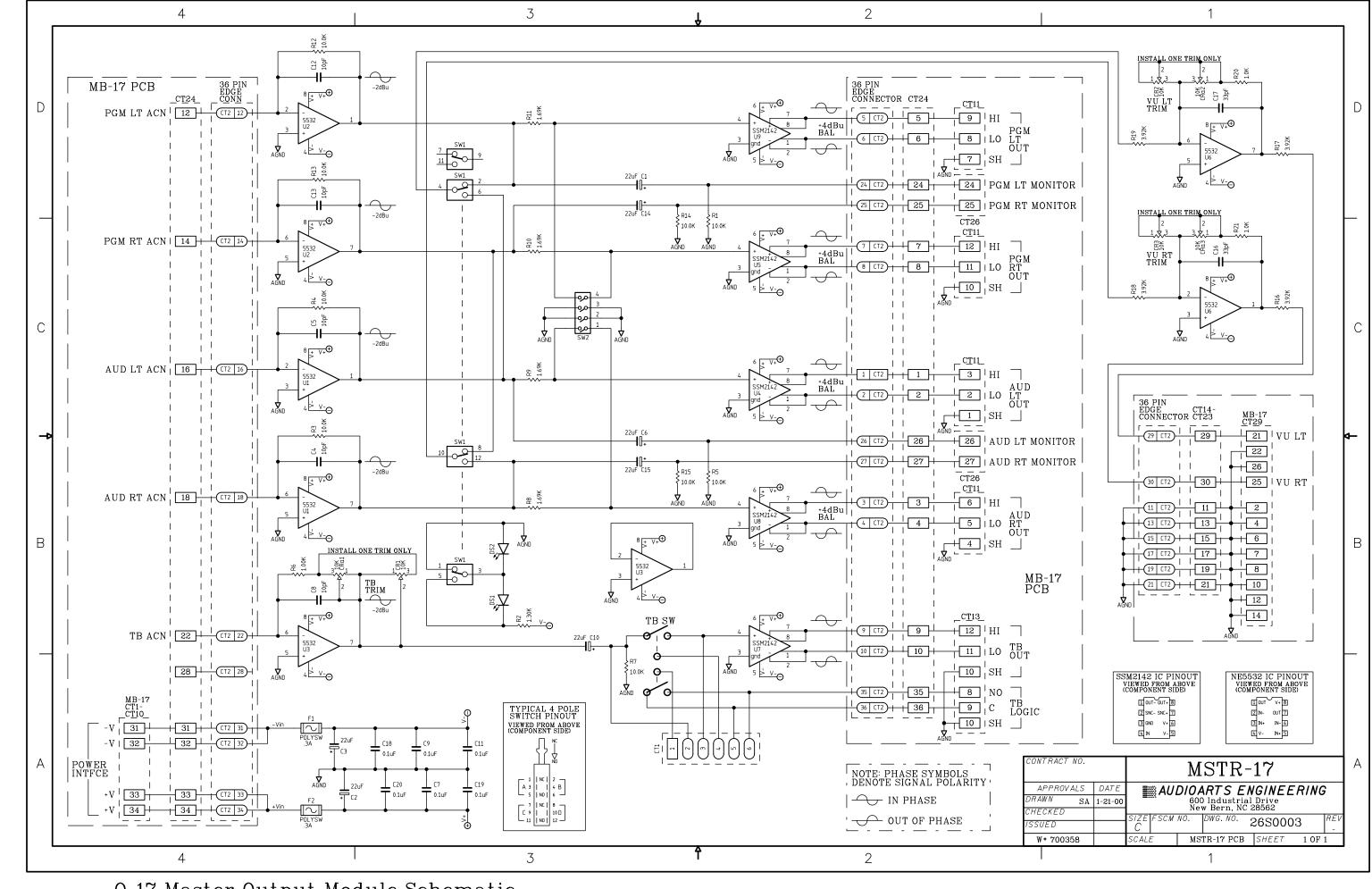
S/N

SW1



SL-17 Stereo Line Input Module Schematic -Sheet 1 of 1 Page 6-2b R-17/Sep 1999

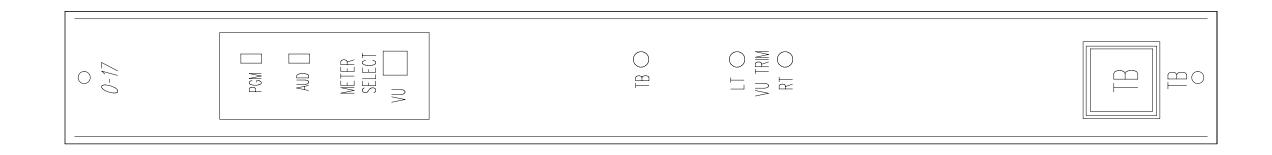


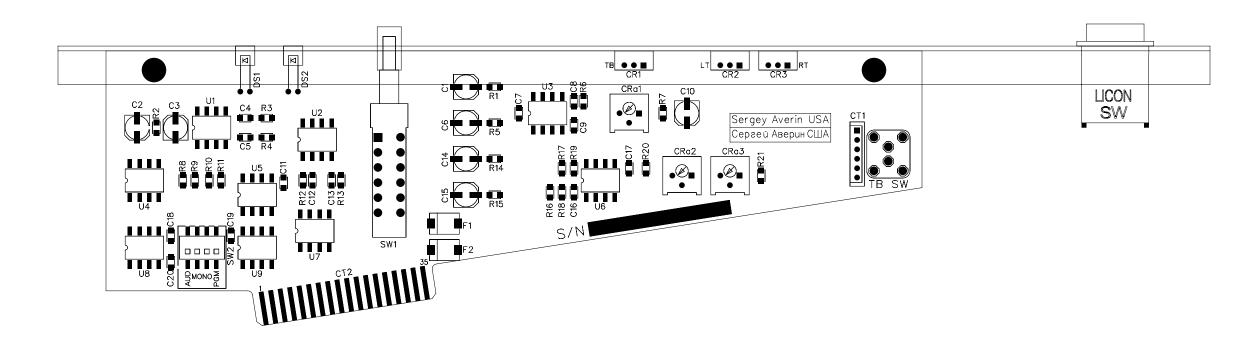


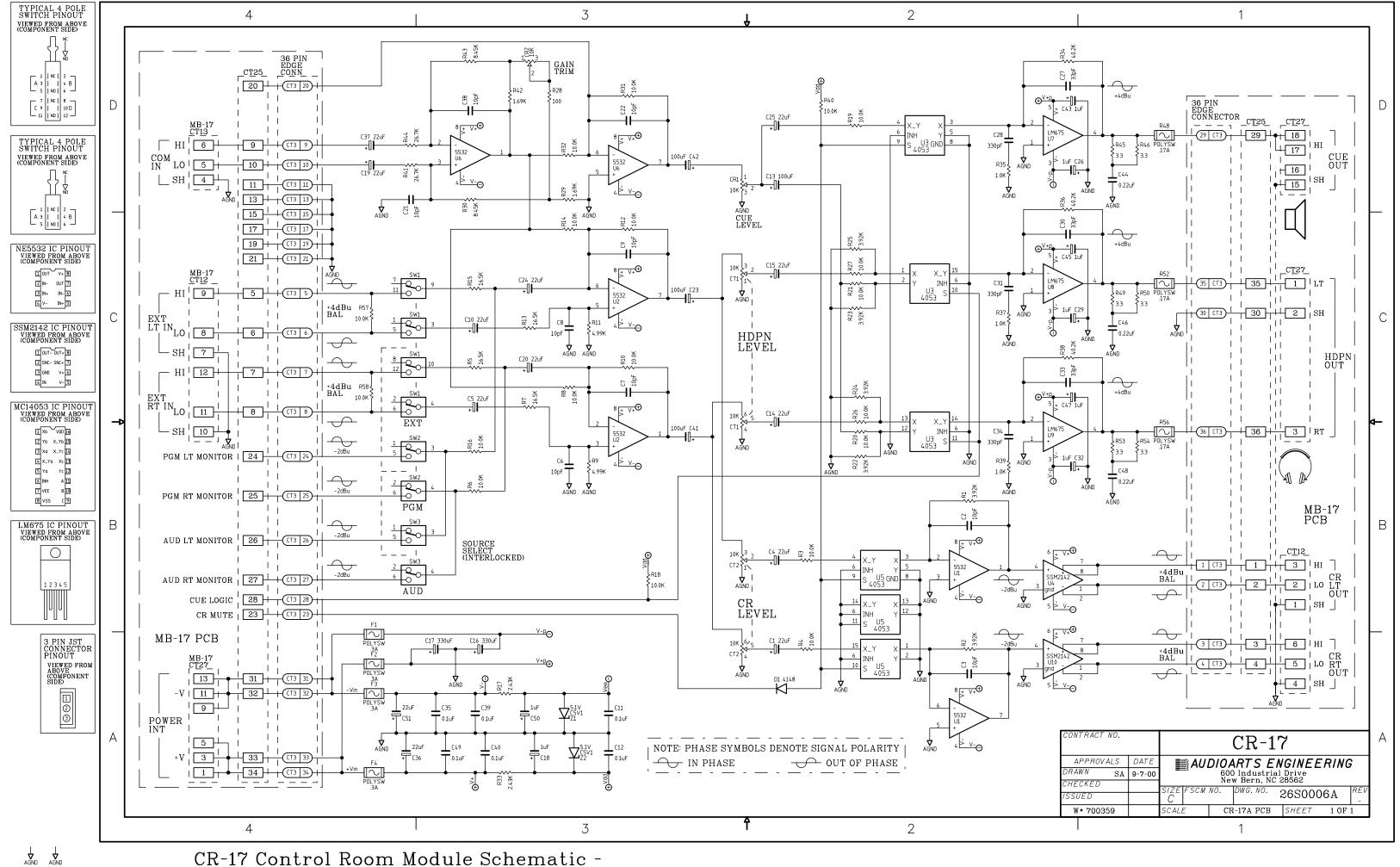
O-17 Master Output Module Schematic -Sheet 1 of 1

Page 6-7

AGND

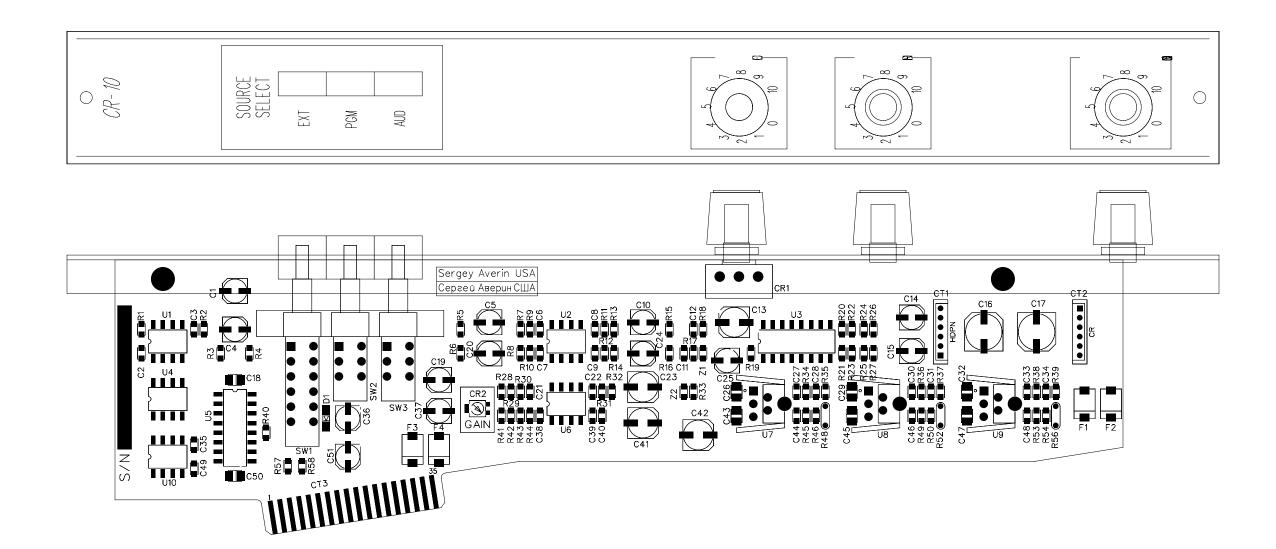


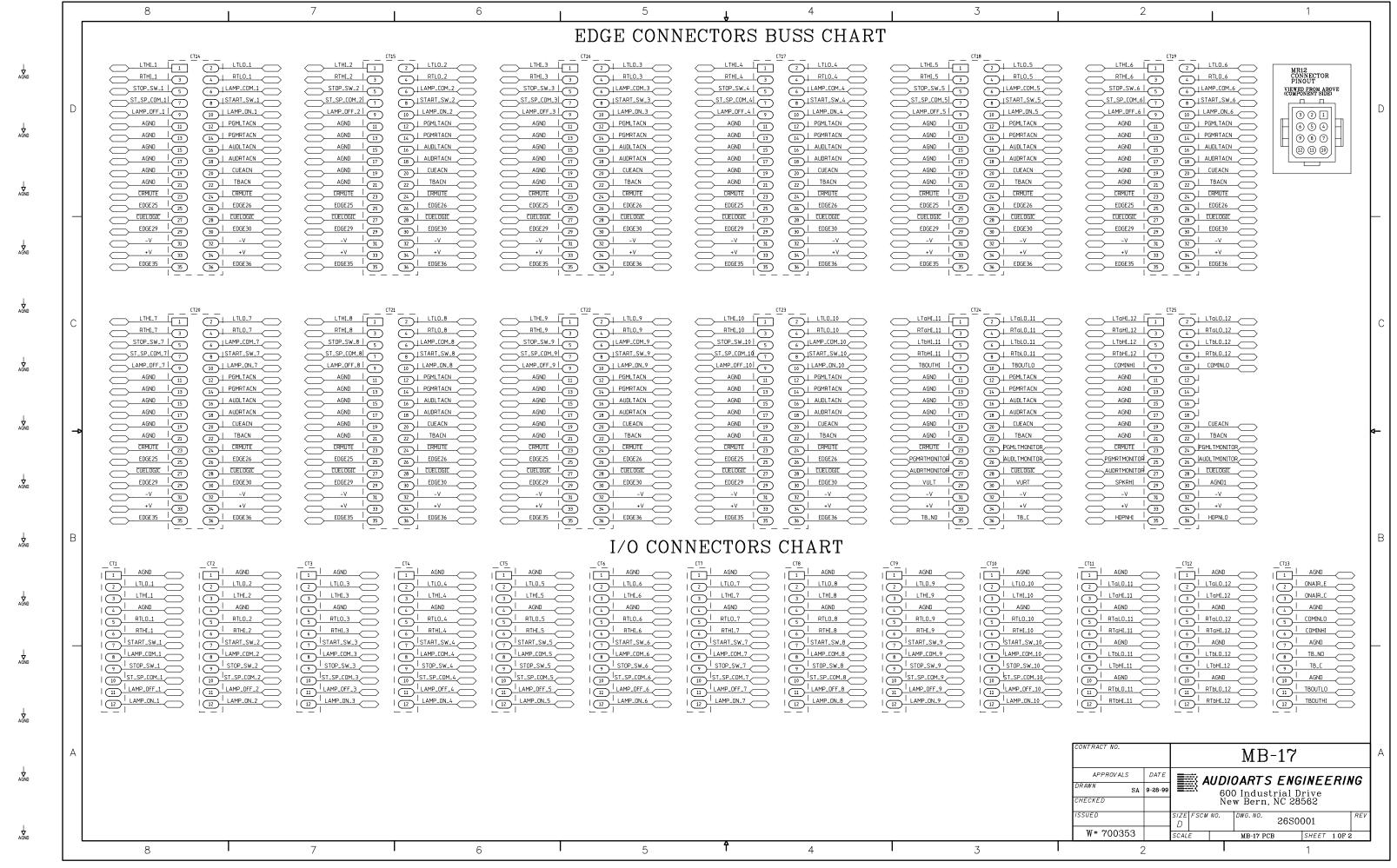


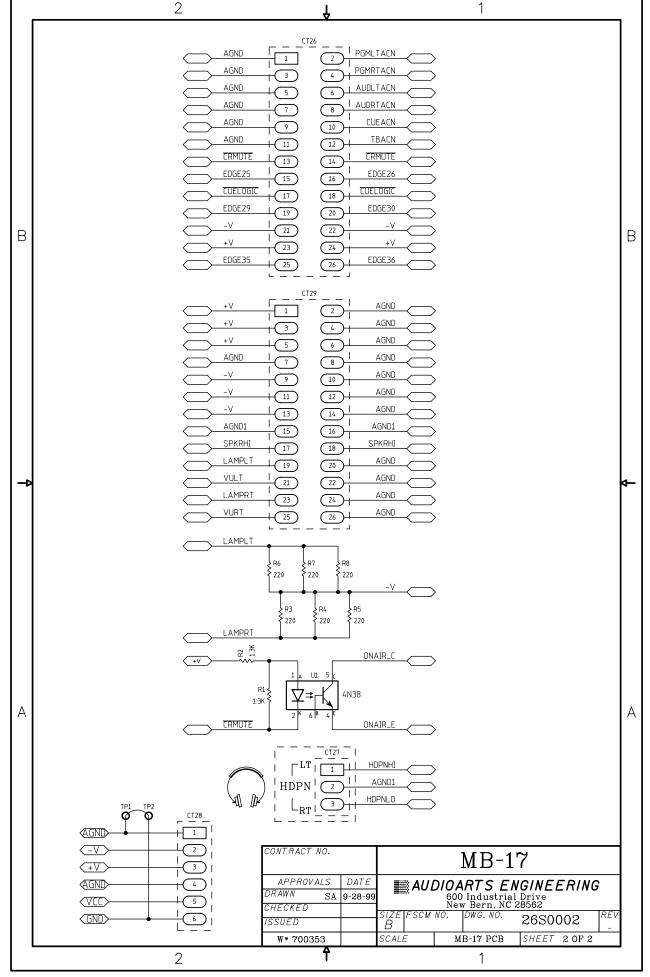


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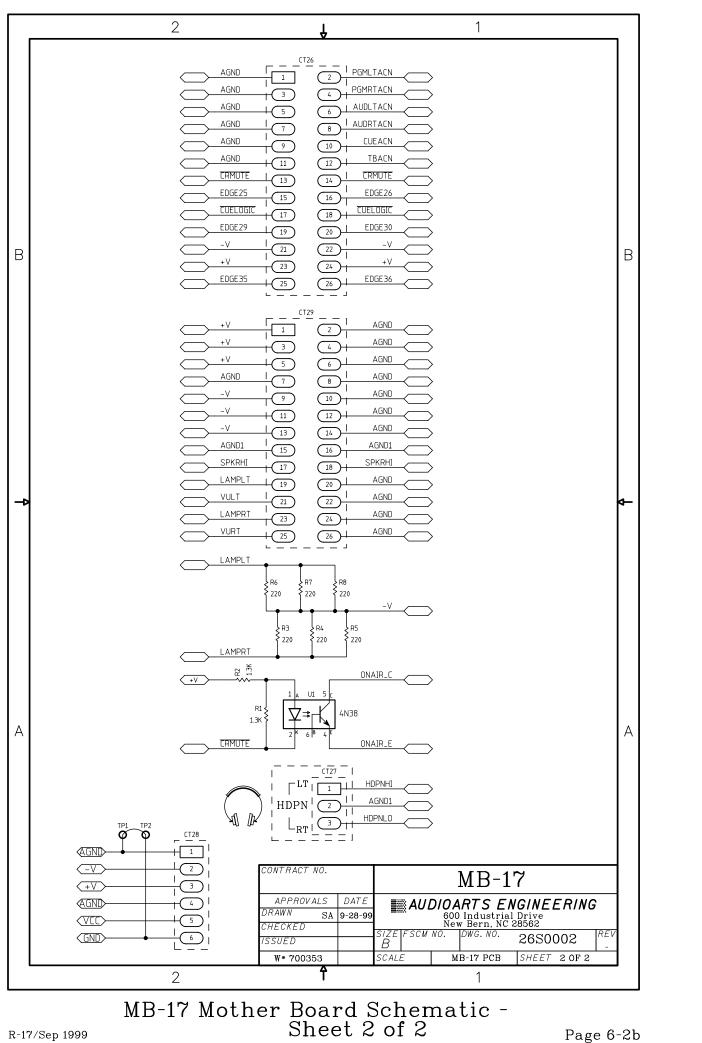
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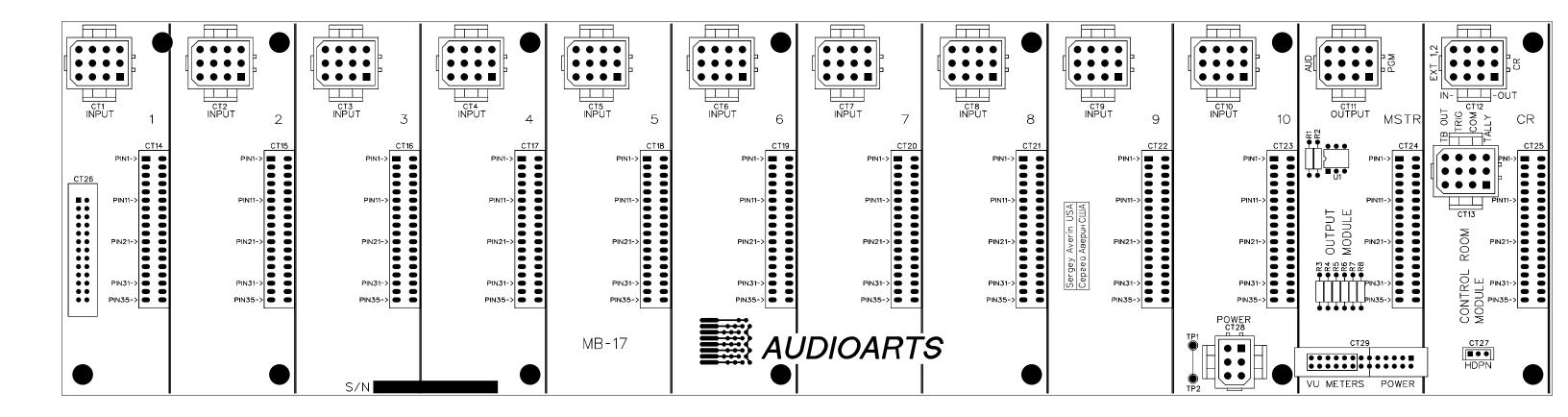


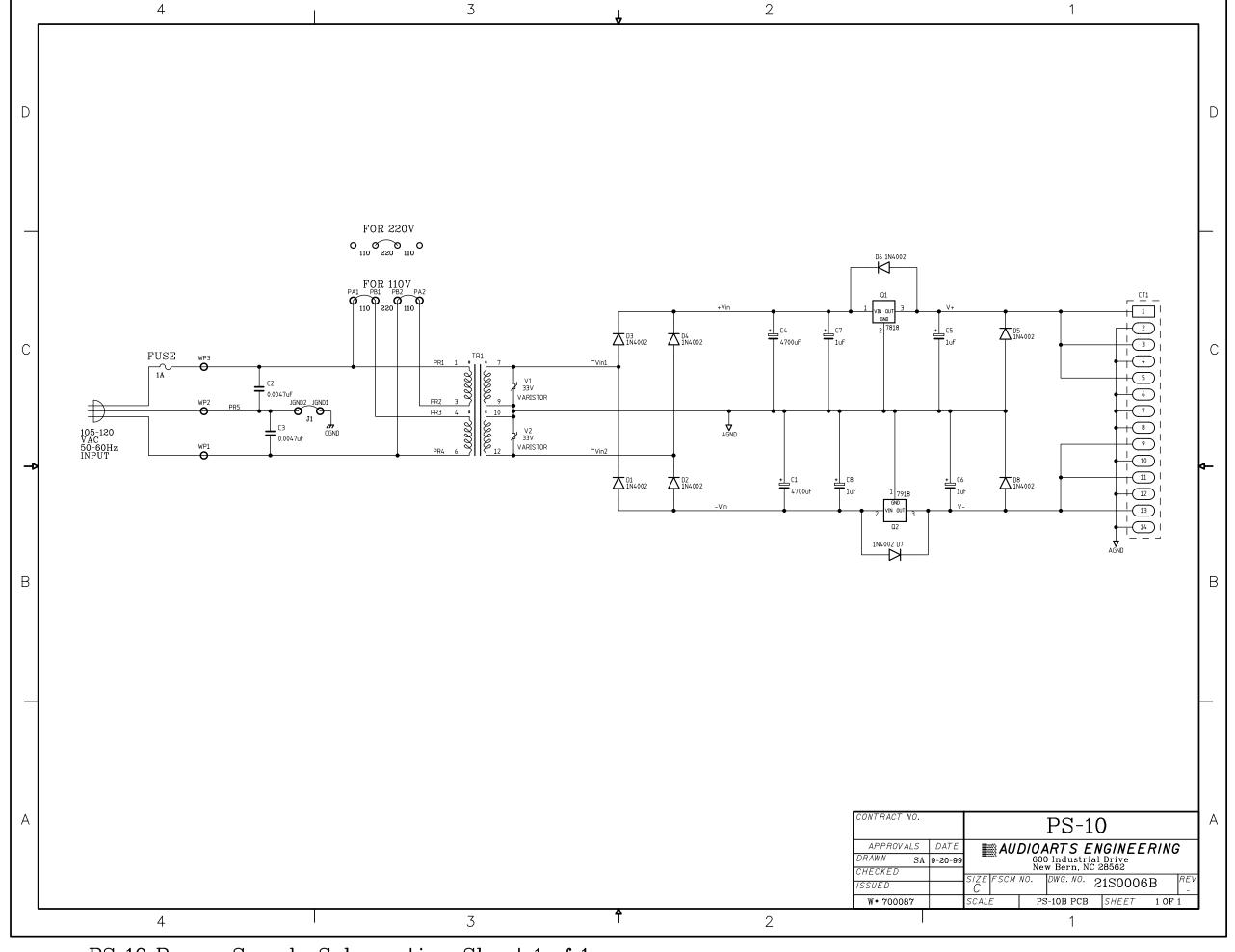




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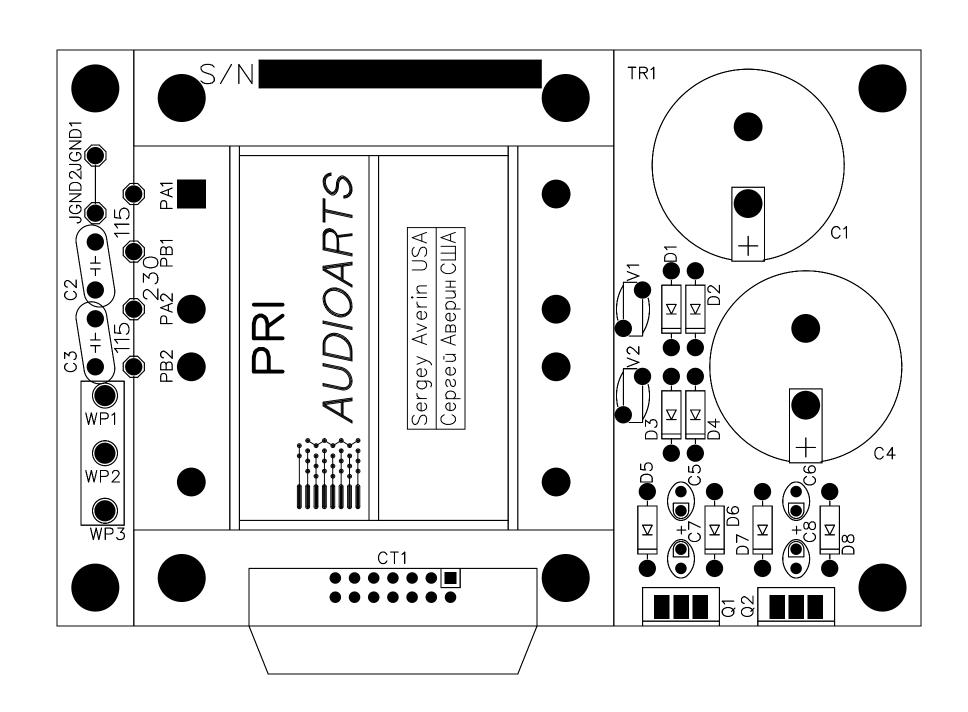






PS-10 Power Supply Schematic - Sheet 1 of 1

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BUS	<b>FUNCTION</b>	MIC	LINE	OUT	CR
1	I/O	+ IN	+ IN LT	+ AUD LT	+ CR OUT LT
2	1/0	- IN	- IN LT	- AUD LT	- CR OUT LT
3	I/O	+ OUT INS	+ IN RT	+ AUD RT	+ CR OUT RT
4	1/0	- OUT INS (GND)	- IN RT	- AUD RT	- CR OUT RT
5	I/O	+ IN INS	STOP	+ PGM LT	+ EXT IN LT
6	I/O	- IN INS (GND)	ON/OFF COM	- PGM LT	- EXT IN LT
7	I/O	N/C	ST/SP COM	+ PGM RT	+ EXT IN RT
8	I/O	GND	START	- PGM RT	- EXT IN RT
9	1/0	REMOTE OFF	REMOTE OFF	+ TB OUT	+ COMM IN
10	1/0	REMOTE ON	REMOTE ON	- TB OUT	- COMM IN
11	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
12	PGM ACN LT	PGM ACN LT	PGM ACN LT	PGM ACN LT	N/C
13	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
14	PGM ACN RT	PGM ACN RT	PGM ACN RT	PGM ACN RT	N/C
15	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
16	AUD ACN LT	AUD ACN LT	AUD ACN LT	AUD ACN LT	N/C
17	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
18	AUD ACN RT	AUD ACN RT	AUD ACN RT	AUD ACN RT	N/C
19	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
20	CUE ACN	N/C	CUE	N/C	CUE ACN
21	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND
22	TB ACN	TB ACN	N/C	TB ACN	N/C
23	MUTE LOGIC	MUTE LOGIC	N/C	N/C	MUTE LOGIC
24	PGM LT MON	N/C	N/C	PGM LT MON	PGM LT MON
25	PGM RT MON	N/C	N/C	PGM RT MON	PGM RT MON
26	AUD LT MON	N/C	N/C	AUD LT MON	AUD LT MON
27	AUD RT MON	N/C	N/C	AUD RT MON	AUD RT MON
28	CUE LOGIC	N/C	CUE LOGIC	N/C	CUE LOGIC
29	VU LT/CUE	N/C	N/C	VU LT	CUE OUT
30	VU RT/GND	N/C	N/C	VU RT	HDPN / CUE GND
31	-V	-V	-V	-V	-V
32	-V	-V	-V	-V	-V
33	+V	+V	+V	+V	+V
34	+V	+V	+V	+V	+V
35	HDPN LT / TB	N/C	N/C	TB SW	HDPN LT
36	HDPN RT / TB	N/C	N/C	TB SW	HDPN RT 3/22/99

## **Parts Lists**

# Chapter Contents MM-17 Mono Mic Input 7-2 SL-17 Stereo Line Input 7-4 O-17 Master Output 7-6 CR-17 Control Room Monitor 7-7 TR-17/FF Tape Remote (optional) 7-9 TR-17/SS Tape Remote (optional) 7-10 LS-17 Line Preselector (optional) 7-11 PS-17 Power Supply 7-12 R-17 Frame 7-13

R-17 Sub Assembly .......7-15

MM-17 MONO MIC MODULE PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
MM-17 FACEPLATE	FACEPLATE	1	002131
CT4	36 PIN PC MOUNT CARDEDGE CONNECTOR	1	220007
	6 PIN .098" PLUG FOR #26 AWG	2	230031
	8 PIN .3" DIP SMT SOCKET	1	245001
CT2, CT3	6 PIN .098" HEADER	2	250065
U3	74AC14 TTL SMT TAPE & REEL ONLY	1	305027
U1	2017 MIC PREAMP IC	1	320003
U4	TL072 DUAL LINEAR OP-AMP SMT	1	325003
Q1	PQ05SZ1 5V 1A REGULATOR SMT T/R	1	335001
Q2	MMBTA05 NPN SMT TRANSISTOR	1	345001
Z1-Z6	5.1V SMT ZENER DIODE C5V1	6	355002
D1-D3	1N4148 FAST SWITCHING SMT DIODE	3	355003
U2	74VHC4053 SMT	1	385001
L1	FERRITE CHOKE	1	400025
C19, C20	CAPACITOR, 10µF 50V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	2	405001
C2, C3, C5, C16, C18, C23	CAPACITOR, 22µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	6	405002
C6	CAPACITOR, 100µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	1	405003
C7, C10	CAPACITOR, 1µF 35V ELECTROLYTIC SMT TANTALUM	2	405005
C9	CAPACITOR, 10pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	1	415001
C14	CAPACITOR, 330pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	1	415004
C21, C22	CAPACITOR, .001µF 50V CERAMIC SMT	2	415005
C1, C4, C8, C11-C13, C15, C17	CAPACITOR, .1µF 50V CERAMIC SMT	8	415007
R2	10 OHM 5% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435002
R11	47 OHM 5% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435005
R2, R17-R19, R22	100 OHM 5% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	5	435007
R4	1.30 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435016
R12, R14-R16	2.43 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435020
R10, R20, R21	4.99 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	3	435023
R5-R9, R23, R24	10.0 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	7	435028
R1	22.1 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435036
R13	75.0 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435042
CR1	1K TRIM POT SMT	1	505001
SW1, SW2	4PDT PUSHBUTTON SWITCH	2	510054
"ON"/"OFF" SWITCH	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, 2 POLE MOMENTARY (LUGS)	2	510080
SW3	4 POSITION SMT DIP SWITCH, TAPE SEALED	1	515001
FADER KNOB	BLUE FADER KNOB WITH WHITE LINE	1	520052

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MM-17 MONO MIC MODULE PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
"PGM"/"AUD" BUTTONS	GREY BUTTON WITH LED LIGHT PIPE	2	530027
'OFF" BUTTON	A50 STYLE AMBER BUTTON, PRINTED "OFF"	1	530048
'ON" BUTTON	A50 STYLE RED BUTTON, PRINTED "ON"	1	530049
CT1	10K SINGLE AUDIO TAPER SELMARK CARBON FADER 100mm	1	540027
DS1, DS2	RED LED	2	600017
"ON" LAMP	5V LED REPLACEMENT FOR T 1 3/4 LAMP RED SLEEVE REQUIRED	1	600025
'OFF" LAMP	T 1 3/4 MIDGET FLANGED BASE SINGLE CHIP YELLOW LED LAMP REPLACEMENT	1	600029
PCB_MM17	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD SMT	1	700361
	PHILLIPS FLAT HEAD STAINLESS STEEL SCREW	2	820015
	PHILLIPS PANHEAD ST/ST BLACK	2	820018
	PEM FASTENERS	2	821009
	4-0 X .187 RND NYLON	2	823014
F1, F2	FUSE/ POLYSWITCH .3AMP SMT RESETABLE	2	835001

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SL-17 STEREO LINE MODULE PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
SL-17 FACEPLATE	FACEPLATE	1	002130
	8 PIN 3" CABLE ASSEMBLY	1	150010
СТЗ	36 PIN PC MOUNT CARDEDGE CONNECTOR	1	220007
CT2, CT4	6 PIN .098" PLUG FOR #26 AWG	2	230031
CT2, CT4	6 PIN .098" HEADER	2	250065
U3	74AC14 TTL SMT TAPE & REEL ONLY	1	305027
U1, U4	TL072 DUAL LINEAR OP-AMP SMT	2	325003
Q1	PQ05SZ1 5V 1A REGULATOR SMT T/R	1	335001
Z1, Z2	5.1V SMT ZENER DIODE C5V1	2	355002
D1-D3	1N4148 FAST SWITCHING SMT DIODE	3	355003
U2	74VHC4053 SMT Triple 2-Channel Analog Mux	1	385001
C2-C4, C6, C20, C23, C24, C26	CAPACITOR, 22µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	8	405002
C8, C9	CAPACITOR, 100µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	2	405003
C10, C13	CAPACITOR, 1µF 35V ELECTROLYTIC SMT TANTALUM	2	405005
C7, C17, C18, C21, C25	CAPACITOR, 10pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	6	415001
C1, C5, C11, C14-C16, C19, C22	CAPACITOR, .1µF 50V CERAMIC SMT	8	415007
R17-R19, R22, R26, R35	100 OHM 5% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	6	435007
R7	1.30 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435016
R3, R4, R27, R33	1.69 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435017
R12, R14-R16	2.43 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435020
R20, R21	4.99 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435023
R23, R24, R29, R32	8.45 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435026
R5, R6, R8-R11	10.0 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	6	435028
R1, R2	22.1 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435036
R28, R30, R31, R34	53.6 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435041
R13, R25	75.0 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435042
CR1, CR2	10K TRIM POT SMT	2	505002
"ON"/"OFF" SWITCH	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, 2 POLE MOMENTARY PCB MOUNTED	2	510030
SW3	DPDT PUSHBUTTON SWITCH	1	510052
SW1, SW2	4PDT PUSHBUTTON SWITCH	2	510054
FADER KNOB	WHITE FADER KNOB WITH BLACK LINE	1	520051
"PGM", "AUD" BUTTONS	GREY BUTTON WITH LED LIGHT PIPE	2	530027
"CUE" BUTTON	WHITE BUTTON, SQUARE	1	530032
"OFF" BUTTON	A50 STYLE AMBER BUTTON, PRINTED "OFF"	1	530048
"ON" BUTTON	A50 STYLE RED BUTTON, PRINTED "ON"	1	530049
FADER	10K DUAL AUDIO TAPER SELMARK CARBON FADER 100mm	1	540028

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SL-17 STEREO LINE MODULE PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
DS3	RECTANGULAR GREEN DIFFUSED LED, TRANSPARENT SIDES	1	600000
DS1, DS2	RED LED	2	600017
"ON" LAMP	5V LED REPLACEMENT FOR T 1 3/4 LAMP RED SLEEVE REQUIRED	1	600025
"OFF" LAMP	T 1 3/4 MIDGET FLANGED BASE SINGLE CHIP YELLOW LED LAMP REPLACEMENT	1	600029
PCB_SW2B	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	700118
PCB_SL17	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD SMT	1	700328
	PHILLIPS FLATHEAD STAINLESS STEEL SCREW UNDERCUT	2	820020
	METRIC M3 SCREW	2	820061
	PEM FASTENERS	2	821009
	4-0 X .187 RND NYLON	2	823014
F1, F2	FUSE/ POLYSWITCH .3AMP SMT RESETABLE	2	835001

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O-17 MASTER OUTPUT MODULE PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
O-17 FACEPLATE	FACEPLATE	1	002132
CT2	36 PIN PC MOUNT CARDEDGE CONNECTOR	1	220007
CT1	6 PIN .098" PLUG FOR #26 AWG	1	230031
U1-U9	8 PIN .3" DIP SMT SOCKET	9	245001
CT1	6 PIN .098" HEADER	1	250065
U4, U5, U7-U9	2142 BALANCED LINE DRIVER IC	5	320004
U1-U3, U6	NE5532 DUAL OP-AMP	4	320008
C1-C3, C6, C10, C14, C15	CAPACITOR, 22µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	7	405002
C4, C5, C8, C12, C13	CAPACITOR, 10pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	5	415001
C16, C17	CAPACITOR, 33pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	2	415002
C7, C9, C11, C18-C20	CAPACITOR, .1µF 50V CERAMIC SMT	6	415007
R6, R20, R21	1.00 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	3	435015
R2	1.30 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435016
R8, R9, R10, R11	1.69 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435017
R16-R19	3.92 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435022
R1, R3-R5, R7, R12-R15	10.0 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	9	435028
CR1-CR3	10K TRIM POT	3	500021
SW1	4PDT PUSHBUTTON SWITCH	1	510054
TB SW	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, 2 POLE MOMENTARY (LUGS)	1	510080
SW2	4 POSITION SMT DIP SWITCH, TAPE SEALED	1	515001
METER SELECT BUTTON	WHITE BUTTON, SQUARE	1	530032
"OFF" BUTTON	A50 STYLE AMBER BUTTON, PRINTED "OFF"	1	530048
DS1	RECTANGULAR RED DIFFUSED LED, TRANSPARENT SIDES	1	600001
DS2	RECTANGULAR YELLOW DIFFUSED LED, TRANSPARENT SIDES	1	600002
PCB_MSTR17	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD SMT	1	700358
	PHILLIPS FLAT HEAD STAINLESS STEEL SCREW	2	820015
	PEM FASTENERS	2	821009
	4-0 X .187 RND NYLON	2	823014
F1, F2	FUSE/ POLYSWITCH .3AMP SMT RESETABLE	2	835001

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CR-17 MONITOR MODULE PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
CR-17 FACEPLATE	FACEPLATE	1	002133
СТЗ	36 PIN PC MOUNT CARDEDGE CONNECTOR	1	220007
CT1, CT2	6 PIN .098" PLUG FOR #26 AWG	2	230031
U1, U2, U4, U6, U10	8 PIN .3" DIP SMT SOCKET	5	245001
U3, U5	16 PIN .3" DIP SMT SOCKET	2	245003
CT1, CT2	6 PIN .098" HEADER	2	250065
U4, U10	2142 BALANCED LINE DRIVER IC	2	320004
U7-U9	LM675 POWER OP AMP	3	320007
U1, U2, U6	NE5532 DUAL OP-AMP	3	320008
Z1, Z2	5.1V SMT ZENER DIODE C5V1	2	355002
D1	1N4148 FAST SWITCHING SMT DIODE	1	355003
U3, U5	14053BCP	2	380003
C1, C4, C5, C10, C14, C15, C19, C20, C24, C25, C36, C37, C51	CAPACITOR, 22µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	13	405002
C13, C23, C41, C42	CAPACITOR, 100µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	4	405003
C16, C17	CAPACITOR, 330µF 25V ELECTROLYTIC SMT	2	405004
C18, C26, C29, C32, C43, C45, C47, C50	CAPACITOR, 1µF 35V ELECTROLYTIC SMT TANTALUM	8	405005
C2, C3, C6-C9, C21, C22, C38	CAPACITOR, 10pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	9	415001
C27, C30, C33	CAPACITOR, 33pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	3	415002
C28, C31, C34	CAPACITOR, 330pF 100V CERAMIC SMT	3	415004
C11, C12, C35, C39, C40, C49	CAPACITOR, .1µF 50V CERAMIC SMT	6	415007
C44, C46, C48	CAPACITOR, .22µF 50V CERAMIC SMT	3	415009
R45, R46, R49, R50, R53, R54	3.3 OHM 5% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	6	435001
R28	100 OHM 5% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	1	435007
R35, R37, R39	1.00 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	3	435015
R29, R42	1.69 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435017
R17, R33	2.43 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435020
R22-R25	3.92 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435022
R9, R11	4.99 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435023
R30, R43	8.45 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435026
R3, R4, R6, R8, R10, R12, R14, R16, R18-R21, R: R27, R31, R32, R40, R57, R58	26 10.0 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	19	435028
R5, R7, R13, R15	16.5 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	4	435033
R41, R44	26.7 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	2	435037
R1, R2, R34, R36, R38	40.2 KOHM 1% .25W MC1206 RESISTOR	5	435039
CR1	10K POT, SINGLE AUDIO, 16 mm	1	500008
CT1, CT2	10K POT, DUAL AUDIO	2	500029
CR2	10K TRIM POT SMT	1	505002

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<b>CR-17 MONITOR MODULE PARTS LIST</b>			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
RELEASE BAR (SW1-SW3)	3 STATION RELEASE BAR, 12.5MM SPACING	1	510005
SWITCH RAIL (SW1-SW3)	3 STATION SWITCH CHASSIS, 12.5MM SPACING	1	510007
SPRING CLIP	RELEASE BAR END CLIP 12.5 & 17.5MM	1	510021
SW2, SW3	DPDT PUSHBUTTON SWITCH	2	510052
SW1	4PDT PUSHBUTTON SWITCH	1	510054
"CUE" KNOB	15mm GRAY PUSH-ON KNOB FOR 6mm SHAFT	1	520017
"CR", "HDPN" KNOB	15mm GREY COLLET KNOB FOR 1/4" SHAFT	2	520038
SELECT BUTTON	GRAY BUTTON, RECTANGULAR	3	530026
"CUE" CAP	11mm BURGANDY CAP W/WHITE LINE FOR 15mm KNOB	1	530039
"HDPN" CAP	11mm GRAY/99 CAP W/ WHITE LINE FOR 15MM KNOB	1	530040
"CONTROL" CAP	11mm BLUE CAP W/WHITE LINE FOR 15mm KNOB	1	530045
PCB_CR17	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD SMT	1	700359
	PHILLIPS FLAT HEAD STAINLESS STEEL SCREW	2	820015
	PEM FASTENERS	2	821009
	4-0 X .187 RND NYLON	2	823014
	HEATSINK FOR T-220 WITH MOUNTING PIN	3	825010
R48, R52, R56	FUSE17 AMP_POLYSWITCH	3	830043
F1-F4	FUSE/ POLYSWITCH .3AMP SMT RESETABLE	4	835001

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ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
	50 COND FLAT RIBBON CABLE	1	150007
	12 PIN PC MOUNT CONNECTOR	2	220014
	12 PIN PLUG	2	230016
	FEMALE PINS FOR 12 PIN PLUG	24	230017
	26 PIN PLUG	2	250043
	26 PIN PC MOUNT STRAIGHT HEADER	2	250044
'RTZ"/"REW"/"REC" SWITCH	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH GREEN LED/ NO CAP	3	510094
FF"/"PLAY"/"STOP" SWITCH	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH RED LED/ NO CAP	3	510095
PLAY" SWITCH CAP	GREEN SWITCH CAP	1	530001
REC" SWITCH CAP	RED SWITCH CAP	1	530003
RTZ"/ "FF"/ "REW" SWITCH CAP	WHITE SWITCH CAP	3	530004
STOP" SWITCH CAP	YELLOW SWITCH CAP	1	530005
PCB_T50	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD - PALETIZED	1	700121
PCB_TR300	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	700156
	PEM FASTENERS	6	821009

ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
	50 COND FLAT RIBBON CABLE	1	150007
	12 PIN PC MOUNT CONNECTOR	2	220014
	12 PIN PLUG	2	230016
	FEMALE PINS FOR 12 PIN PLUG	24	230017
	26 PIN PLUG	2	250043
	26 PIN PC MOUNT STRAIGHT HEADER	2	250044
START" SWITCH	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH GREEN LED/ NO CAP	3	510094
STOP" SWITCH	PUSHBUTTON SWITCH RED LED/ NO CAP	3	510095
START" SWITCH CAP	GREEN SWITCH CAP	3	530001
STOP" SWITCH CAP	YELLOW SWITCH CAP	3	530005
PCB_T50B	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD - PALETIZED	1	700121
PCB_TR 300	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	700156
	PEM FASTENERS	6	821009

LS-17 LINE PRESELECTOR PARTS LIST (optional)			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
	12 PIN PC MOUNT CONNECTOR	4	220014
	12 PIN PLUG	4	230016
	FEMALE PINS FOR 12 PIN PLUG	48	230017
	6 STATION 4 POLE INTERLOCKED SWITCH, 12.5MM SPACING	1	510040
PCB_LS60	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	700053

PS-17 POWER SUPPLY PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
PS-17 FACEPLATE	POWER SUPPLY FACEPLATE	1	002150
PS-17 COVER	POWER SUPPLY COVER	2	002151
PS-17 CHASSIS	POWER SUPPLY CHASSIS	1	002152
PS-17 BRACKET	POWER SUPPLY BRACKET	1	002153
	UNSHIELDED WIRE	16	150000
	GRAY POWER CORD	1	150016
	CABLE MOUNT MULTI-PIN CONNECTOR	1	230010
	CHASSIS MOUNT MULTI-PIN CONNECTOR	1	230011
	MULTI-PIN CONNECTOR STRAIN RELIEF	1	230012
	MULTIMATE SOCKET CONTACT (LOOSE PACK)	5	230014
	MULTIMATE PIN CONTACT (LOOSE PACK)	9	230015
	FEMALE PINS FOR 12 PIN PLUG	5	230017
CT-28	6 PIN CABLE MOUNT MR PLUG	1	230026
Q1	7818 POSITIVE 18V REGULATOR	1	330004
Q2	7918 NEGATIVE 18V REGULATOR	1	330009
D1-D8	1N4002 DIODE	8	350003
V1, V2	39ZA1 VARISTOR	2	360002
C5-C8	CAPACITOR, 1µF 35V TANTALUM ORANGE	4	400014
C1, C4	CAPACITOR, 4700µF 35V ELECTROLYTIC	2	400019
C2, C3	CAPACITOR, .001µF 50V CERAMIC	2	410002
PCB_PS10	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	700087
	TRANSFORMER	1	800013
	PHILLIPS PANHEAD STAINLESS STEEL	4	820013
	PHILLIPS PAN HEAD MACHINE SCREW SS	2	820021
	1/4" HEX KEPNUTS S/Z	6	821005
	SHOULDER WASHER	2	822012
	4-0 X .187 RND NYLON	6	823014
	STRAIN RELIEF	1	824009
	MICA INSULATOR	2	825009
	1 AMP FUSE	1	830004
	FUSE HOLDER	1	830010

R-17 FRAME PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
R-17 BRACKET	BRACKET	2	002080
R-17 MB REAR	METER BRIDGE REAR PANEL	1	002181
R-17 MB FACE	METER BRIDGE FACEPLATE	1	002182
R-17 FRAME RAIL	UPPER FRAME RAIL	1	002185
R-17 FRAME PAN	FRAME PAN	1	002186
R-17 FRONT LEXAN	FRONT LEXAN COVER	1	002187
	OWNER'S MANUAL FOR R17	1	002192
LS-60 BLOCK OUT	BRACKET	1	002483
	RIGHT 3/4" OAK SIDEPLATE	2	100017
	3/4" RADIUS OAK 27/32" X 1 3/16" THICK X 22"LONG	1	100023
	ALUMINUM CONTINUOUS HINGE, 72"X1.06" X .040"	.25	110024
	26 COND FLAT RIBBON CABLE	6	150083
CT-14 - CT-25	36 PIN PC MOUNT CARDEDGE CONNECTOR	12	220007
CT-1 - CT-13	12 PIN PC MOUNT CONNECTOR	13	220014
CT-1 - CT-13	12 PIN PLUG	13	230016
CT-1 - CT-13	FEMALE PINS FOR 12 PIN PLUG	162	230017
CT-28	6 PIN PC MOUNT MR CONNECTOR	1	230025
CT-28	6 PIN CABLE MOUNT MR PLUG	1	230026
CT-27	3 PIN .098" PLUG FOR #26 AWG	1	230028
U1	6 PIN IC SOCKET	1	240008
CT-29	14 PIN DIP RIBBON PLUG	1	250034
CT-27	3 PIN .098" HEADER	1	250062
CT-29	14 PIN BOXED HEADER, STRAIGHT	1	250073
	RTS JACK	1	260005
	PATCH CLIPS	2	280004
	PATCH CLIPS	10	280007
	4N32 OPTO COUPLER DRLNGTN	1	340000
R3-R8	220 OHM 5% .25W CARBON FILM RESISTOR	6	430214
R1, R2	1.3 KOHM 5% .25W CARBON FILM RESISTOR	2	430224
	12V AL29 METER LAMP	2	620007
	VU METER	2	630004
	12V LIGHT BOX FOR AL29 METER	2	630013
PCB_MB17	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	1	700353
	PHILLIPS FLATHEAD STAINLESS STEEL SCREW UNDERCUT	4	820020
	PHILLIPS PAN HEAD MACHINE SCREW SS	42	820021
	PHILLIPS PANHEAD STAINLESS STEEL SCREW	4	820026

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R-17 FRAME PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
	SHEET METAL SCREWS	20	820039
	#8 X 1" EXTRACTOR SCREWS	0	820046
	SMALL PATTERN KEPNUT	4	821006
	INTERNAL TOOTH LOCK WASHER	18	822004
	FLAT WASHER	1	822007
	SHOULDER WASHER	1	822008
	4-40 X .375 RND ALUM. PEM	22	823024
	#6 THUMB SCREW	1	823029
	METER TERMINAL	4	826001
	HAND CRIMPER	1	850030
	EXTRACTOR TOOL	1	850032
	SPEAKER	1	960000

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R-17 SUB ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST			
ITEM#	DESCRIPTION	QTY	W#
SPARE PARTS KIT	OPTIONAL SPARE PARTS FOR R16/R10/R17		052175
STEREO FADER	WIRED FADER FOR SL-10, SL-17		052100
MONO FADER	WIRED FADER FOR MM-10		052101
STEREO POT	WIRED STEREO POT FOR CONTROL ROOM & HEADPHONE		052102
ON/OFF SWITCH KIT	KIT FOR REPLACING ON-OFF SWITCHES		052103
ASSEMBLED MB 17	ASSEMBLED MB-17 MOTHERBOARD FOR R17		052121

## **Troubleshooting**

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Integrated Circuits	8-2

#### **BASIC PROCEDURES**

If you have encountered difficulty in testing your installation, check the items listed below before opening the console. *Note that some items may seem very obvious; it is often the most obvious things that we overlook.* 

- 1. Check that the AC power source for the console is live, and that the console power cable is connected to the AC source.
- 2. Make sure that the sources you are using to test the console installation are producing normal, line level signals. For example, if a cart machine is the source, is the cart playing? Is the output of it connected to the console?
- 3. When checking for sound from the control room speakers, is the amplifier on? Is the amplifier volume turned up to a normal level? Are the speakers connected to the amplifier outputs? Are mic channels programmed to MUTE CR OFF?
- 4. If you have checked external devices and connections, and feel that the problem is within the console, double check all wiring before attempting to troubleshoot the console itself.

## NOTE: THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN WHILE TROUBLESHOOTING OR TESTING A "LIVE" (I.E., POWERED-UP) CONSOLE.

- (1) If a module is to be connected to the console via the (optional) extender ribbon while troubleshooting, place a piece of cardboard or other non-conducting material across the console where the module will be placed. This will prevent shorting, and also avoid scratching or marring the faceplates.
- (2) Use extreme care when using meter or oscilloscope test probes to avoid shorting a test point to an adjacent connection. This is especially important when probing a pin 7 op-amp output, since the adjacent pin 8 is at 18 volts.
- (3) NEVER remove or insert a logic IC (CMOS analog switch) while the console is powered. The same applies to the audio op-amps.

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#### INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

The audio circuits of the console consist almost entirely of IC op-amps. The types called out in the schematic drawings and parts lists are chosen for optimum performance; in an emergency situation other types of known matching pin-out and capability can be temporarily substituted. Some useful troubleshooting hints for these circuits follow.

- (1) Due to the large open-loop gain of the typical op-amp, the inverting input of an amplifier, configured as an inverter with its non-inverting input grounded, acts as a "virtual ground," and signal levels at this point can be expected to be extremely low. However, a circuit fault could result in a large signal level at the inverting input, so it may be worth checking.
- (2) When one of these ICs fail, it commonly swings its output to one of the power supply rails. This should be a first check when a bad IC is suspected. Measure the output pin of the IC directly (as opposed to measuring after a coupling capacitor) under a no-signal condition and look for a large DC offset at the output.
- (3) The capacitive loading effect of a test probe may occasionally cause oscillations in a high gain amplifier circuit. For this reason it is advisable, when using meter probes to measure DC voltage in an amplifier circuit, to isolate the "hot" lead from the circuit under test with a 10K resistor. This introduces a slight measurement error, depending on the meter input impedance, but this error is slight compared to the error that occurs if the amplifier is oscillating. If signal tracing with an oscilloscope, use a low capacity probe.
- (4) Because of the feedback loop in the op-amp circuit, sometimes a signal can be measured or heard even when the IC is defective or even removed. Generally this signal will become more and more distorted as the level increases; also the gain of the affected path will be incorrect. Don't assume that because you can observe an output signal the IC must be working properly.
- (5) This console has electronically balanced floating output circuits on its main output channels. These circuits will work if either side of the output is shorted to ground. However, an unbalanced load connected between "HIGH" and "SHIELD" of the output circuit will float, and experience level changes relating to the impedance to ground at each output leg. For this reason, connect unbalanced loads the same as balanced; i.e., between "HIGH" and "LOW".
- (6) In addition to the +/- 18 volts for the op-amps, the CMOS analog ICs require a +/- 5 volt supply, derived from +/- 18 volts via Q1 and Q2 on the CR-17 module PCB. If this supply is not functional, the CMOS outputs experience abnormal loading, which causes some rather weird logic problems. If there appears to be a logic malfunction in the CR-17, check these voltages. Similarly, the MM-17 and SL-17 modules have resistor/zener diode networks to generate the +/-5 volts for the CMOS analog IC's. If you have a logic malfunction, check these voltages.

Technical information for the console is contained on the schematic

See Appendix drawing "Balanced and Unbalanced R-17 Console Connections" on page A-3 for connection details.

#### **T**ROUBLESHOOTING

drawings. Installation and hook up information is also summarized in the text of this manual.

In general, the R-17 console is rugged and user friendly. I/O connections can be unplugged or plugged in while powered up with no damage, provided the precautions described above concerning removal and replacement of modules are carefully followed. Occasionally, this will cause a transient in the logic system that may be sufficient to affect a channel's ON/OFF status, but this is rare. (Note that mic module ON/OFF status powers up randomly when the console is energized; this is normal, and does not indicate anything wrong with the logic system.)

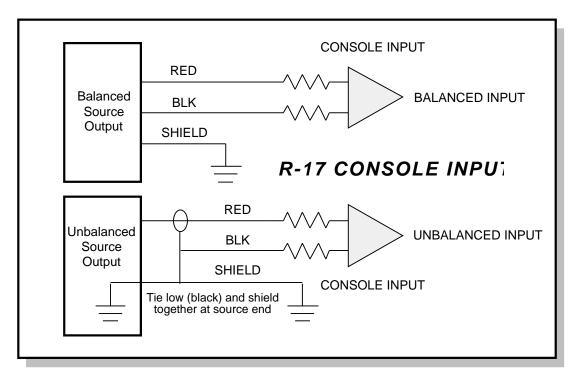
As a final note, fader knobs should be removed or installed only when the fader is at the end of its travel, to avoid "bowing" the internal fader structure.

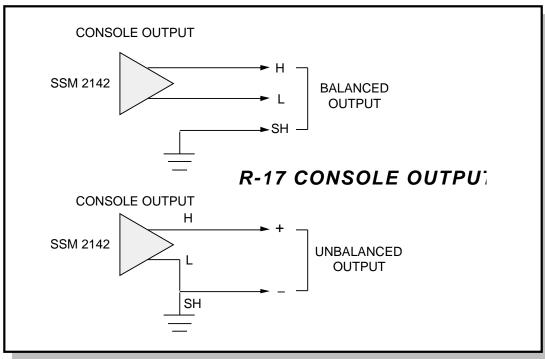
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## **Appendix**

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Balanced and unbalanced R-17 console connections	A-2

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BALANCED & UNBALANCED R-17 CONSOLE CONNECTIONS

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### LS-17 Line Preselector Installation Instructions

The LS-17 Line Preselector assembly is shipped attached to its mounting bracket. The bracket attaches to the console mainframe with 4 type 6-32 screws, included in the kit. Perform the following steps to install the LS-17:

- (1) turn off the power to the console;
- (2) remove the first four modules from the right end of the mainframe (blank or optional TR, CR, OM, and SL);
- (3) remove the three screws that hold down the meterbridge, and open the meterbridge;
- (4) using a flat-bladed screwdriver, carefully pry off the line selector cutout cover;
- (5) hold the LS-17 in position so the four mounting holes in the bracket line up with the pre-drilled mounting holes in the console frame;
- (6) install the mounting screws, but don't tighten them;
- (7) close the meterbridge slowly, checking to see that the meterbridge clears the LS-17;
- (8) if necessary, open the meterbridge and adjust the LS-17 position for best clearance and centering of the switches within the line selector cutout;
- (9) when the correct position has been achieved, tighten the screws securely;
- (10) make the signal connections to the 12 pin connectors on the LS-17, referring to the connector pinout chart (see Chapter 3, pages 3-11 and 3-12);
- (11) reinstall each module removed in step 2 in the same slot it was removed from:
- (12) close and secure the meterbridge.

This completes the LS-17 installation procedure.